



Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research and Training Institute

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CHAPTER 01

Institutional Profile/Executive Summary

1.1 Introduction

About us

Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research and Training Institute established under the Agrarian Research and Training Act. No. 5 of 1972 is a statutory body functioning under the Ministry of Agriculture. Promotion of policy oriented research and addressing training needs of the agricultural and rural sector are the key objectives of the institution. As a pioneer in the field of agricultural research in the country, the institution has been serving its stakeholders since its inception. It is armed with a wide range of experience gathered by conducting socio-economic research, training and providing information for formulation of development policies for the agricultural sector.

Vision

Be the leader for generating and disseminating knowledge for sustainable agrarian and rural development

Mission

To strengthen agrarian and rural sector through conducting research and training activities

Goals

- To make policy process more effective through knowledge generation and timely dissemination;
- To keep the public informed by providing independent assessments on national policy issues;
- To strengthen the capacity for socio-economic policy analysis by investing in the capacities of its staff and the institute's knowledge base;
- To increase the capacity of rural development stakeholders through training;

Objectives

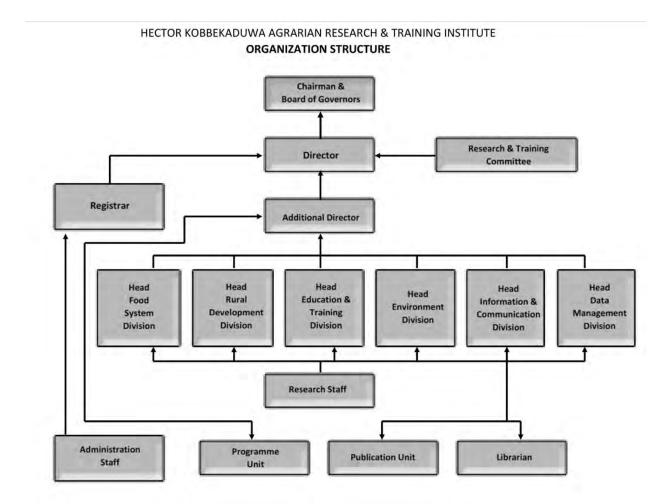
- Timely dissemination of market information to policy makers, farmers and traders;
- Identification of agrarian policy perspectives;
- Research planning-priority setting in agrarian issues;
- Building relationships with public/private sector organizations, universities and regional & international research institutes/agencies;
- Engaging a committed, competent and contented team of employees

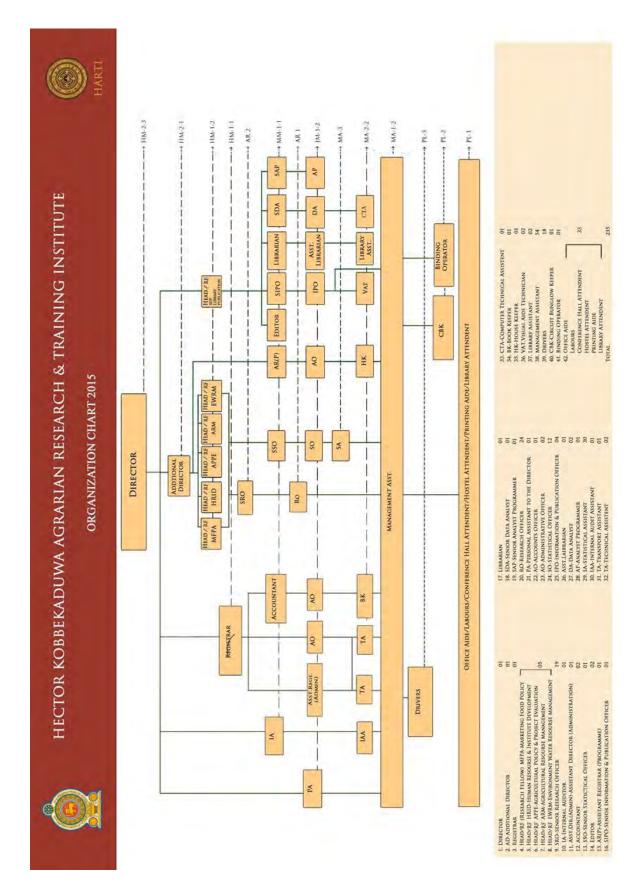
Strategies

- Strengthen the Research and Training Committee (RTC);
- Agree on thematic areas;
- Ensure uniformity of different types of publications layout, cover page, pagination, fonts and styles;
- Improve literature review in preparation of research proposal;

- Arrange external review after peer review of all research reports before publication;
- Assign responsibility for each issue of the institute journal to the respective Division;
- Obtain donor assistance to secure services of a professional editor;
- Increase research outputs in local languages;
- Recruit researchers at senior level;
- Explore possibility of engaging expatriates' researchers through the UNDP;
- Establish linkages with universities;
- Disseminate research findings at the end of the year colloquium;
- Introduce measurable performance-based evaluation system;
- Organize faculty development
- Improve quality of printing of the publications

1.2 Organizational Chart





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1.3 BOARD OF GOVERNORS – 2023

Mr. Gunadasa Samarasinghe	-	Secretary, Ministry of Agriculture and Plantation Industries Chairman of the Board of Governors (From January to October 2023)
Mr. Janaka Dharmakeerthi	-	Secretary, Ministry of Agriculture and Plantation Industries Chairman of the Board of Governors (From November 2023)
Dr. G.G. Bandula	-	Director / CEO, Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research and Training Institute
Mrs. P. Malathy -Board Member	-	Director General of Agriculture Dept. of Agriculture
Mr. K.D. Bandula Jayasinghe	do	Land Commissioner General Land Commissioner General's Dept.
Mr. A.H.M.L. Abeyratne	do	Commissioner General of Agrarian Development Dept. of Agrarian Development
Ms. (Eng) D.P. Thrimahavithana	do	Director General of Irrigation Department of Irrigation (From January – June 2023)
Mr. Ajith Gunasekara	do	Director General of Irrigation Department of Irrigation (From July 2023)
Mr. D. Jeewanadan	do	Commissioner of Dept. of Co-operative Development and Registrar of Co-operative Societies Dept. of Co-operative Development (From January to September 2023)
Ms. H.A. Asha Hapuarachchi	do	Commissioner of Dept. of Co-operative Development and Registrar of Co-operative Societies Dept. of Co-operative Development (From October 2023)
Mrs. G.D.S.N. Chandrasena	do	Addl. Secretary (Agricultural Development - Ministry of Agriculture 1)
Mrs. Pubudika S. Bandara	do	Senior Asst. Secretary (Admin) Ministry of Lands

Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research and Training Institute

Ms. D.G. Niluka Kumari	do	Director Ministry of Finance Economic Stabilization and National Policies
Mrs. Aruni S. Ranasinghe	do	Addl. Secretary (Admin) Ministry of Plantation
Mrs. H.I.D.D. Hettiarachchi	do	Director of Education (Agriculture & Environmental Studies) Ministry of Education
Mr. O.M. Jabeer	do	Addl. Secretary (Admin) Ministry of Irrigation
Ms. E.A. Ekanayake	do	Asst. Secretary Ministry of Trade, Commerce and Food Security
Mr. N.A.A. Wijesiri	do	Regional Manager Regional Office of the Central Bank
Professor K.A.S.S. Kodithuwakku	do	Dean / Faculty of Agriculture University of Peradeniya

1.4 Board of Governors Meetings – 2023

Date of the Meeting

No. of Members Attended

1.	28th February 2023	14
2.	11 th May 2023	12
3.	27 th June 2023	15
4.	29 th August 2023	15
5.	26 th September 2023	13
6.	28 th November 2023	15

1.5 Members of the Audit and Management Committee

1) Ms. D.G. Niluka Kumari (Chairman)	 Director Department of Development Finance, Ministry of Finance, Economic Stabilization and National Policies
2) Ms. Gilma Dahanayake (Member)	- Addl. Secretary, Ministry of Trade (February 2023)
Ms. E.A. Ekanayake	- Asst. Secretary Ministry of Trade, Commerce and Food Security (From July 2023)
3) Ms. Aruni S. Ranasinghe (Member)	- Additional Secretary, Ministry of Plantation
4) Mr. E.W.G.K. Priyadarshana (Observer)	- Chief Internal Auditor, Ministry of Agriculture
5) Ms. M.I. Welarathne (Observer)	- Audit Superintendent, Auditor General's Department

1.6 Audit and Management Committee Meetings – 2023

Number of Meetings	-	04
Date of Meetings	-	27th February 2023
_		26th July 2023
		11th August 2023
		27th November 2023

1.7 COMPOSITION OF RESEARCH AND TRAINING COMMITTEE 2022/23

No	Name	Designation/Establishment	Research Interests
1	Wijithapura Wimalaratana Prof. (Rev.)	Senior Professor Department of Economics Faculty of Arts University of Colombo	Comparative Economic Development, Rural Development
2	Abeywickrama L. M. (Prof.)	Senior Professor Department of Agricultural Economics & Extension Faculty of Agriculture University of Ruhuna	Environmental Economics
3	Aheeyar M.M.M. (Mr).	Researcher International Water Management Institute (IWMI)	Water Management
4	Chandrakumara D.P.S. (Prof.)	Senior Professor Department of Economics Faculty of Humanities and Social Science University of Sri Jayewardenepura	Social Sciences
5	Dayawansa N.D.K. (Prof.)	Professor Department of Agriculture Engineering Faculty of Agriculture University of Peradeniya	River Basin Management
6	Dharmasena P.B. (Dr.)	Chief Scientist International Center for Research & Development	Sustainable Water Resources Management
7	Dileepa M. Endagamage (Ms.)	Senior Lecturer Department of Decision Sciences Faculty of Management Studies & Commerce University of Sri Jayewardenepura	Applied Statistics, Operations <i>Research</i> <i>Categorical Data</i> <i>Analysis</i>
8	Fernando A.P.S. (Dr)	Senior Lecturer Department of Agricultural Systems Faculty of Agriculture Rajarata University of Sri Lanka	Land Transactions and Development, Food Security
9	Frank Niranjan (Dr.)	Consultant Former Additional Director Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy	Evaluation and Impact Assessment

10	Fredric Abeyratne (Dr.)	Consultant, Policy Initiatives Former Agricultural Economist United Nations Development Program	Agricultural Economics, Policy Analysis
11	Gunathilaka H.M. (Prof.)	Consultant Former Director (Environment and Safeguard) Asian Development Bank	Economics
12	Gunawardena E.R.N. (Prof.)	Senior Professor Department of Agriculture Engineering Faculty of Agriculture University of Peradeniya	Hydrology, Water Policy
13	Keminda Herath (Prof.)	Professor Department of Agribusiness Management Faculty of Agriculture and Plantation Management Wayamba University of Sri Lanka	Applied Statistics, Environmental Modeling
14	Padmini, Chandra (Dr.)	Senior Scientist Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy	Research Management
15	Manjula P. Sumith Magamage (Prof.)	Professor Department of Livestock Production Faculty of Agricultural Sciences Sabaragamuwa University of Sri Lanka	Animal Production
16	D.D. Prabhath Vitharana (Eng.)	Consultant Ex- Head of Water Management Division Department of Agrarian Development	Minor irrigation Rehabilitation and Agrarian Development
17	Prasada D.V.P. (Prof.)	Professor Department of Agricultural Economics and Business Management. Faculty of Agriculture University of Peradeniya	Agricultural Economics, International Development
18	Prasanthi Gunawardena (Prof.)	Professor Department of Forestry and Environmental Science Faculty of Applied Science University of Sri Jayewardenepura	Environmental and Resource Economics, Ecological Economics, Natural Resource Management, Environmental Policy

19	Priyanga Dunusinghe (Dr.)	Senior Lecturer Department of Economics Faculty of Arts University of Colombo	Statistics Applied Economics Labour Economics
20	Rupasena L.P. (Dr.)	Senior Lecturer Department of Agricultural Systems Faculty of Agriculture University of Rajatrata	Agricultural Marketing
21	Sooriyakumar K. (Dr.)	Senior Lecturer Department of Agricultural Economics Faculty of Agriculture University of Jaffna	Agricultural Market Analysis, Applied micro and macroeconomics, International Trade
22	Saman K. Herath H.M. (Prof.)	Professor Dean Faculty of Animal Science and Export Agriculture Uva Wellassa University	Soil science
23	Shantha Wijesinghe (Dr.)	Senior Lecturer Department of Geography Faculty of Humanities and Social Science University of Sri Jayewardenepura	Research Methodology, Statistics, Human Resource Planning, Spatial Economics and Dynamics of Industrial location
24	Thivahary Geretharan (Dr.)	Senior Lecturer Department of Agriculture Economics Faculty of Agriculture Eastern University of Sri Lanka	Agricultural Economics
25	Tudor Silva (Prof.)	Professor Emeritus Department of Sociology University of Peradeniya	Sociology
26	Wijeratne D.B.T. (Dr.)	Assistant Representative (Programme) Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations	Agricultural Development

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1.8 Executive Summary

The year posed significant challenges to all agrarian communities, as prevailing socioeconomic conditions in the country were unsupportive. Recognizing this, HARTI identified the situation and devised an action plan aimed at addressing key agrarian issues. This plan included research reports, policy briefs, completed training programs, and the production of mass media communications tailored to the needs of the communities. During the year 2023, eleven research studies were carried out with funding from the Capital Budget allocations. Among these studies, several focused on



addressing food security concerns prevalent in the country. Additionally, two studies were conducted to evaluate the impact of the economic crisis on the fruits and vegetable sector, as well as on poultry feed production in Sri Lanka. Furthermore, three studies targeted Climatic Smart Agriculture (CSA) in Sri Lanka. These studies aimed to understand the successes and challenges of CSA, empower climate-vulnerable farmers, and implement climate-smart solutions effectively. Two additional studies concentrated on the processing of the fruit and vegetable industry, along with a comprehensive examination of the potentials and constraints to scaling up the floriculture sector in Sri Lanka. Moreover, two studies centered on animal husbandry and production were undertaken during the year. These studies focused on factors affecting the technical efficiency of dairy production in the dry zone of Sri Lanka, as well as the cost of production of broiler chicken meat and eggs.

Furthermore, as part of the Market Intelligence projects, daily collection of market prices and compilation of weekly and monthly analyses were conducted. Food commodity bulletins were produced and disseminated on a daily, weekly, and monthly basis throughout the period, achieving 100% physical progress. The Institute consistently and promptly responded to requests for data, analysis, and reviews from government institutions and individuals. A total of 1,394 beneficiaries participated in awareness programs aimed at enhancing household food security in rural and peri-urban communities. These programs, spanning 30 sessions across 30 DS divisions in Mullaithivu, Kilinochchi, Moneragala, and Nuwaraeliya districts, saw comprehensive coverage and engagement. Additionally, thirty-three awareness programs targeting women and youth farmers to encourage entrepreneurship in agriculture were successfully completed in the districts of Hambantota, Galle, Matale, Polonnaruwa, and Kurunegala districts, with the participation of 1,386 beneficiaries.

The Institute's knowledge dissemination strategy primarily utilized mass media and publications. Six research reports were published during the period, and to mitigate print costs, all research reports were uploaded to the HARTI website. The first issues of the 'Sri Lanka Journal of Agrarian Studies' for the year 2023, along with its Sinhala counterpart "Govi Katauthu Adhyayanaya," were successfully published. Additionally, the first issue of the 'Govi Jantha' magazine and the first and second issues of newsletters for the year were released. 'Govi Mina,' the Sinhala medium national newspaper in the agricultureal sector, saw publication of six monthly issues, while three issues of the 'Govi Mina' Tamil magazine were distributed among farmers, particularly in the Norther and Eastern parts of the country. Furthermore, 26 video documentaries based on the latest research conducted by the institute were produced and disseminated under the banner of "Govi Jana Kathikawatha."

In addition to Treasury Funds, collaborative research studies and consultations were conducted with international organizations such as the FAO, WFP, World Vision, Nippon Koie (JICA Expert team), and DevPro Guarantee Ltd (OXFAM/Australian Aid). These organizations collectively contributed approximately Rs 52 million LKR during the year 2023. These linkages and collaborations have the potential to further enhance the scope of the Institute's work through partnerships with similar institutions.

I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere gratitude to the entire HARTI team across all staff categories for their immense support in revitalizing the Institute. The Research and Training Committee, which oversees the research process from conceptualization to report production, has also made significant contributions to improving the quality of our work. I am also grateful for the support and guidance provided by the Board of Governors, who have helped ensure that the Institute adheres to the highest standards of compliance. In conclusion, the year 2023 presented its share of challenges, but it was ultimately successful due to the renewed commitment demonstrated by the research and supporting staff.

Dr. G.G. Bandula - Director / Chief Executive Officer

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CHAPTER 02

Progress and the future outlook, special achievement challenges and future goals



Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research and Training Institute

2.1 Research Divisions

01. Food System Division

From a circular economic perspective, the Food Systems are essentially integrated consumption, production, processing and distribution with labor, energy and waste as movers and policy and climate as shapers, However, the FOOD SYSTEM DIVISION reduced to and integrated via elements related to a) Food Utilization, b) Food Access, and c) Food availability.

02. Environment Division

The science directs the world in general and agrarian societies like in particular to quickly readjust its agricultural paradigm towards promoting conservation oriented, small-scale farming and innovative water management for the very survival of society. It is therefore with this thought of a long-term engagement to respond to emerging climate science that the ENVIRONMENT DIVISION approaches its mandate.

03. Rural Development Division

Rural empowerment must happen through integrated approaches and holistic action, the RURAL DEVELOPEMNT DIVISION focuses its inquiries into both the resultants of existing rural scenarios as well as the underlying causes and factors that gave rise to it. The approach has taken on even greater significance in the light of social, economic and environmental disasters that are attacking all stratums of society with the rural sector being the first to feel their negative impacts with impoverishment an even more significant issues than poverty per se.

04. Education & Training Division

The training teams at EDUCATION & TRAINING DIVISION are cognizant of the fact that the volatility of the world is such that no one can prepare anyone else for even short-term eventualities with any level of predictive success. Therefore, while it does take off from the perspective of classic segregation of educational sectors related to agriculture, it is unique in its approach, choosing always to impart tools that can be used in trans disciplinary arenas and not only skills telescoped into single disciplines which have a good chance of going obsolete in a comparatively shorter period of time.

05. Data Management Division

The DATA MANAGEMENT DIVISION creating a hub that can capture data up streaming from the grassroots as well as managing and optimizing interagency flow to collate, analyze and publicize critical real time data and information targeting specific audiences. The data teams at HARTI are therefore not only involved in data crunching but also in the acquisition component, working directly with the research teams and other internal and external stakeholders to create leading edge information dissemination systems for the general public, the research fraternity and the policymakers.

06. Information & Communication Division

HARTI recognizes that the world has become tiny with the various communications instruments that have ridden the technology wave. It also understands that many people are suffering from information casualness, overload and fallacy. Therefore, the INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS DIVISION, understanding the repercussions, has built its information and data marketing methodologies to be targeted, lucid, easily accessible and useable, formulating outputs tailored to specific user goals and disseminated across a wide range of communications channels through substantially automated systems. These systems and the very marketing foundation upon which they are built are customized to suit the age of sustainability and works in tandem with the Information Division for the purpose.

2.2 Research Progress

The following research studies completed in the year 2022 and publication process was completed in the year 2023.

- 01. Comparative Advantage of Fruit Exports in Sri Lanka
- 02. Import Ban of Fertilizers and Other Agrochemicals: Assessing short-term effects on the Paddy Sector
- 03. Import Ban on Chemical Fertilizers and Other Agrochemicals: Short-term Impacts on Vegetables.
- 04. Import Ban on Chemical Fertilizers and Other Agrochemicals: Short-term Impacts on Selected OFCs and Potato Crop.
- 05. Import Ban on Chemical Fertilizers and Other Agro Chemicals: Effects on Floriculture.
- 06. Study on the Impact of the Current Economic Crisis on Household Food Security in Sri Lanka; Rural, Estate and Urban sectors.
- 07. Income Diversification as a Sustainable Livelihood Strategy for Rural Development: An Assessment of Optimal Conditions.
- 08. Export Potential of Major Fruits in Sri Lanka.
- 09. Putting Climate Smart Solutions into Action: A guide to evidence-based implementation

The following research studies completed in the year 2023

01. Processed Fruit and Vegetable Industry in Sri Lanka: Potentials, Barriers and Prospects

- Source of Funding: Consolidated Treasury Funds
- Research Team:
 - A.K.A. Dissanayake Co-Ordinator, P. Wijesinghe – Co researcher, S.P. Fernando – Co researcher, U.D.R. Udari – Co researcher, M.D.D. Perera - Co researcher



- **SDG Goal:** 2 End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture
- Main Objective; To analyze the prevailing status, processing potentials, constraints, marketing system, and consumer demand for the locally processed Fruit and vegetable sector in order to suggest policy measures to enhance the Fruit and Vegetable industry in Sri Lanka.

- a) About 172 local brands and 110 imported brands of processed F&V product category can be seen in the supermarkets and niche markets at surveyed districts. Pineapple (47%), mango (40%), jackfruit (27%), papaw (17%), breadfruit (13%), and woodapple (13%) are the major crops that are used in the F&V processing industry.
- b) The results revealed that majority (93%) of the surveyed processors willing to expand their production in product categories which has high demand in the local and export markets. For an example most of respondents would like to expand the production of fruit drinks and herbal drinks (53%) followed by dehydrated F&V products (40%). Availability of fresh raw materials, high demand amongst consumers, and profits emanating from products were the main stimuluses for the intention to expand their production in near future.

c) Preference of family members (68%), convenience (48%), and taste (43%) are major reasons for household consumption of processed F&V products. Major factors that prevent households from purchasing some types of processed F&V products are; 1) Beliefs of not suitable for some diseases as diabetes (69%) and 2) Lack of safety due to addition of preservatives, artificial colours and flavours (67%).

Key Recommendations:

- a) Establish a close linkage between farmers and processors to guarantee reasonable prices to farmers and a supply of quality products to domestic market or export destinations. A database comprising F&V farmers, collectors as well as processors can be maintained by the Department of Agriculture, Export Development Board, Industrial Development Board, and Department of Commerce.
- b) Introduce quality assurance system to maintain the quality of the processed products. In that sense quality assurance body should be established. For that as an initiation awareness programmes, training and monitoring programmes should be implemented under government involvement.
- c) The value-addition process should be strengthened, and processors should be motivated to export processed F&V products since there is an increased demand for value-added fruit and vegetable products in the world.
- d) Draw a roadmap facilitating processors to reach the domestic or export markets. An integrated approach should be adopted to make linkages among responsible and related institutes to work towards that common goal.

02. An Assessment of the Financial Literacy of Farmers in the Domestic Agricultural Sector in Sri Lanka.

- Funding Source: Treasury Funds
- Research Team:

Chathura Jayampathi, N.P.G.Samantha, Sagrika Hitihamu, Susila Lurdu

farmers in the domestic agricultural sector in Sri Lanka

1 Poverty

• **SDG Goal:** Goal No.1 No Poverty

Key Findings:

•

a) Financial literacy level of Sri Lanka domestic agricultural sector farmers' is 52 %

Research Objective: To assess the level of financial literacy of the

- b) There is a statistically significant relationship between literacy level and the household income
- c) There is a statistically positive influence of income and the education on respondents' financial literacy
- d) Gender is not a factor influence or decides the financial literacy

Key Recommendations:

- a) Financial literacy has a positive relationship with education and education has a statistically significant positive impact on education. As a result, it is required to make measures to provide financial literacy through formal school education.
- b) As income causes higher financial literacy, it is required making arrangements to increase income of the agricultural community through ensuring entrepreneur, investment opportunities and facilitating to improve skills and talents required for alternative livelihoods. Also providing knowledge and technology to reduce cost of production.
- c) Strengthening farmer organizations. In concerning the power and responsibility which has been vested on farmer organizations it can contribute so much to the increase of the income of farmer household by many aspects, and contribute to reduce cost, provide credits or make available such opportunities. Besides, it can become a cooperate business entity which provides farmers better source for investments and have profits. These involvements definitely support to improve financial literacy and inclusion

03. Evaluation of the Effects of Economic crisis on Fruits and Vegetable Sector: Production and marketing

- Source of Funding: Consolidated Treasury Funds
- Research Team:

P.A.J Champika - Coordinator, I.P.P.M Wijesinghe - Co researcher, N.P.G Samantha - Co researcher, Roshini Rambukwella - Co researcher Sangeeth Fernando - Co researcher.



- **SDG Goal**: 2 End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture
- Main Objective: To evaluate the impact of economic crisis on fruit and vegetable supply chains.

• Specific objectives of the research were:

- a) To evaluate changes in the supply chains of fruits and vegetables by comparing their present status with the pre-crisis situation.
- b) To examine alterations in the supply chains of fruits and vegetables by comparing their current status with the pre-crisis scenario.
- c) To suggest policy measures aimed at reducing the expected adverse effects of the economic crisis on fruit and vegetable supply chains.

Key Findings:

a) All the crops under consideration, including beans, brinjal, banana (*embul*), banana (*kolikuttu*), and papaya, witnessed a significant decrease in cultivated acreage—beans by 30%, brinjal by 25%, banana (*embul*) by 45%, banana *kolikuttu* by 60%, and papaya by 20%. However, the number of farmers who totally abandoned farming was less than 5%.

- b) This reduction caused by a combination of factors: a threefold increase in production costs, scarcity of planting materials, low quality if inputs, declining demand, reduced sales volume, and consequently diminished profits.
- c) With the reduction in cultivated extent, there was a shift from hired labour to family labour in all the crops. Labour comprised of 10% 77% of total cost in considered crops where GAP bean cultivation recorded the lowest percentage. However, there was 42% of banana farmers who had been a large-scale farmer (>5ac) before the crisis and who relied highly on hired labour have converted themselves to a small-scale farmer and witnessed a considerable substitution of hired labour to family labour (60%).
- d) Decreased application of fertilizers both in terms of quantity (by 10-45%) and frequency was observed in all the crops. Threefold rise in cost of imported seeds, and agrochemicals was a challenging issue for all crops.
- e) However, GAP farmers experience reduced levels of agrochemical application compared to traditional growers. In the case of beans, the expense for agrochemicals and inorganic fertilizer was approximately 20% lower in GAP cultivation than in traditional cultivation.
- f) In the Badulla district, the cost of production for beans was reported as Rs. 73.70/kg by the last quarter of 2023 under the traditional method. This figure indicates a Rs. 7.85/kg increase compared to the recorded value in 2019 in Badulla. The cost for producing one kilogram of brinjals in Anuradhapura district amounts to Rs. 82.55/kg. This value is four times higher than the value reported in 2019/Yala season, (Rs. 20.62/kg).
- g) The main marketing channels for the considered vegetables and fruits remain unchanged. Similar to the before crisis situation, around 75% of the total vegetable produce goes through the dedicated economic centres.
- h) Yet, the volume of sales and the number of transporters and venders involved in each marketing channel has dropped in the range of 15-40% with the highest drop recorded for banana.
- i) The assessment of market margins before (BC) and after (AC) the crisis indicated that, apart from banana, farmers experienced increased margins ranging from 4.4% to 10%. Conversely, except for papaya, wholesalers saw their margins rise between 2.7% and 29.4%, whereas retailers witnessed a margin decrease ranging from 2.5% to 19.5% (Table 1). If the marketing channel does not undergo radical changes, increasing farmers' margins is normal with the increase in retail prices.
- j) Fruit-based export-oriented factories in the considered districts normally procure grade two fruits and thereby allow farmers to receive higher prices for relatively lower-quality products. However, as the scale of operation is low, the number of farmers benefited are still small (around 4,500 banana farmers and 850 papaya farmers). Meanwhile, all the factories are struggling to stay competitive in the world mark due to increasing cost of electricity.

Key Recommendations:

- a) Urgent intervention by the relevant authorities is needed to regulate the price and quality of imported seeds, fertilizers, and agrochemicals in the market.
- b) Immediate action should be taken to eliminate illegal or unauthorized agrochemicals from the market.

- c) Encouraging the widespread adoption of GAP among farmers could empower them by reducing production costs (the cost of agrochemicals is considerably low) and increasing productivity, thereby helping to counteract the negative impacts of rising input costs.
- d) Promoting the export of fruit value added products is a viable solution to mitigate the drawbacks of increased prices of imported inputs due to the devaluation of the rupee. Establishing a knowledge hub for commodity exporters, offering crucial information and a platform for sharing practical experiences with newcomers to the industry is a pressing need.
- e) Identifying export prospects, motivating local entrepreneurs, fostering opportunities for establishing long term contracts with international buyers to boost demand for current industries, and implementing sustainable, cost-effective methods to address high electricity cost seems vital in the pressent context.
- f) Introducing low-cost, durable and supporting sticks for the bean farmers is a timely intervention to reduce cost of production in beans.
- g) Facilitate greater access to tissue cultured plants of the *embul* variety which has a fruiting percentage exceeding 95% compared to the 80% fruiting form suckers and *kolikuttu* variety to avoid viral diseases.
- h) it is vital to enhance facilities by investing in trained labor, equipment, and other essential human and physiscal resources within government seedling producing institutions (Fruit reseach institute Horana and Grain legume and oil crops research and development centre Angunakolapelessa) Moreover, implementing a local standardization procedure align with the international standards for private tissue culture laboratories is crucial.
- i) Since 75% of the commodities under consideration are processed through traditional channels, there is a need to enhance quality control measures (especially at the entry point) and address post-harvest losses occurring during transportation and handling stages at the DEC.

04. Poultry Feed Production in Sri Lanka: Effect of Economic Crisis, Response and Way Forward

- Source of Funding: Consolidated treasury Funds
- Research Team:
 - Ruvini Vidanapathirana, Roshini Rambukwella, Raveena Udari, Dilini Perera Sangeeth Fernando

• Research Objectives:

To examine the status, effects and crisis management strategies adopted by poultry feed manufacturers during the economic downturn in order to suggest policy implications to strengthen the poultry feed sector.

• **SDG Goal addressed:** Goal 2 – End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture



Key Findings:

- a) The current economic crisis has impacted the majority of commercial feed producers' (93%) and self-mixed producers' (97%) industry performances. It was observed diminishing of compound feed market as most of the poultry players decided to run their own feed mixing operations to cater to meet the demand for their company requirement (meat and egg production). Commercial feed production has decreased by 25-50 percent.
- b) High price and shortage of raw materials, foreign exchange crisis, Taxation policy, Poor quality of ingredients are the main issues face by the feed industry. Prices of all the key ingredients of poultry feed has increased significantly (300% for maize) and the prices of poultry feed showed 180-200 percent increase compared to 2019.
- c) Majority of the commercial feed producers (80%) and self-mixed producers (67%) changed their poultry feed ration using alternative raw materials. They mostly altered the proportions of important elements.
- d) Currently all the commercial poultry feed mills are operating below their installed capacity mainly due to low demand for the product, with the increased price of factory mixed compound feeds because of value added tax charges, shortage of ingredients and inconsistent supply of electricity.

Key Recommendations:

- a) In order to promote livestock production, proper interventions are needed to increase the feed supply, improving ration formulations and developing feeding strategy based on locally available feed resources, utilization and marketing of underutilized alternative (non-conventional) feed resources produced as by-products from different agro-based industries in the country.
- b) Encourage and support feed manufacturers to produce their own ingredients like maize and soybean by making incentives like credit and land available.
- c) Secure supply of maize should be provided for potential feed mills and poultry farmers. It reveals that the total requirement cannot be produced locally. Therefore, policy decisions have to be taken to allow feed millers to import maize.

05. Factors effecting technical efficiency of dairy production in the dry zone of Sri Lanka

- Source of Funding: Consolidated Fund
- Research Team:

Sagarika Hitihamu. Norica Ayoni, Uthpala Jayasinghe

- **Research Objective**: The overall objective of this study is to understand factors affecting technical efficiency of dairy production in dry of Sri Lanka. The specific objectives are as follows.
- 1. To determine factors that contributed to dairy production efficiency in dry zone of Sri Lanka.

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- 2. To study the level of technology adaption of dairy farmers.
- 3. To provide policy guidelines to enhance dairy production in dry zone of Sri Lanka.

SDG Goal: Goal 2 – End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture.

Key Findings:

- a) According to the study sample, dry zone dairy farming indicates 0.5% large scale farmers, 46.3% medium scale farms and 53.2 % small scale farms and comprises of 8.3% of intensive farmers, 68.1% of semi-intensive farmers and 23.6% of the extensive farmers.
- b) The farm factors that contributed significantly for the milk production in dry zone include breed type, number of milking cows in the herd amount of concentrate feed, method of rearing, breed type and frequency of milking animals. The farmer's factors significantly influence on milk production are training received, education and skills.
- c) The number of milking cows and the amount of feed intake play significant role in milk production. For every additional cow there is an increase of 0.49 Liters in the milk output. This means that, on average, each additional cow contributes about 0.49 Liters of milk to the total milk output. For each additional kilogram of feed (a unit increase in the amount of feed), there is an increase of 0.72 Liters in the total milk output. This implies that providing appropriate amount of feed for a certain extent to the cows, results in higher milk production.
- d) The technical efficiency of dairy farming in dry zone according to the sample is 0.61 and it implies that within the available resources the milk production can be increased by 39% with appropriate use of given inputs. In Dry zone study areas such as Kurunegala, Hambanthota, Anuradhapura and Jaffna show technical efficiency of 65%, 55%, 64% and 59 % respectively. Hambanthota district shows the lowest technical efficiency as most of the farmers practice extensive type of dairy farming.
- e) It is noted that most of the essential dairy technologies have been adapted by farmers however, around 50% of the dairy farmers have not been adapted with correct amount of feeding and 24hour water provision to the milking animals.

Recommendations

- a) To enhance the milk production within the available resources, it is important to educate dairy farmers on correct amount of concentrate feeding. Further, no of milking animals in the herd play a significant role. therefore, it is crucial to improve the knowledge and infrastructure to facilitate dairy farmers to have more than 4 milking cows at given any time of the year.
- b) To enhance the dairy production efficiency dry zone dairy farmers should educate and trainings should increase to enhance the knowledge on suitable breed type, number of milking cows in the herd amount of concentrate feed, method of rearing and frequency of milking animals.



06. Potentials and Constraints to Scale up Floriculture Sector in Sri Lanka: A Comprehensive Analysis for Sustainable Floriculture Sector Development

- Source of Funding`: Consolidated Fund
- Research Team:

Uthpala Jayasinghe, Norica Aomie, Sagarika Hitihamu

- **SDG Goals related to the research:** Goal 1: No poverty / Goal 8: Decent work and economic growth
 - Research Objectives :
 - 1. To identify potentials and constraints to Scale up Floriculture Sector in Sri Lanka with regards to both local and export markets.
 - 2. To identify potentials and constraints associated with scaling up export oriented floricultural industry in Sri Lanka.
 - 3. To identify potentials and constraints associated with scaling up domestic floricultural industry in Sri Lanka.
 - 4. To develop a comprehensive business model to scale up domestic and export-oriented floriculture industry in Sri Lanka

Key findings

- a) Major constraints associated with the local market-oriented floriculture sector
- b) High cost of production (fertilizer, pesticides, fuel and transport cost, mother plants)
- c) Reduced local demand for floricultural items
- d) Absence of high-quality planting material and mother plants
- e) Lack of technical knowledge on new cultivation methods
- f) 2Major constraints associated with the foreign market-oriented floriculture sector
- g) High cost of production (fertilizer, pesticides, fuel and transport cost, mother plants)
- h) Logistical issues
- i) Institutional issues and lack of government support
- j) Issues in the floricultural research and development

Key Recommendations

1. Development of Floriculture sector involve addressing issues pertaining in two market types including local and foreign markets. First focus should be on the local market. Becoming self-sufficient in local market demand and improving the business of local market-oriented producers is the first priority. This process includes several recommendations.

1.1 It is recommended to strengthen local research and development to produce new varieties, quality tissue culture plants, training and technology transfer and good quality mother plants to fulfill the demand of growers

1.2 It is recommended to Establish a separate regulatory body to overlook floriculture sectors and to coordinate with stakeholder institutes



1.3 It is recommended to introduce a subsidy scheme to provide growers with essential input material at a lower price (fertilizer, raw materials for green houses)

1.4 It is recommended to provide a designated place similar to economic centers for selling of floricultural output for every province/major producing area at a convenient cost which will enable growers to attract more customers and sell their produce with a hassle.

2. To develop export-oriented floriculture sector there are several other recommendations

2.1 It is recommended to strengthen research and development of the floriculture sector where market oriented new varieties will be developed

2.2 It is recommended to resolve institutional issues pertaining with floriculture exportation which will favorably facilitate exportation.

2.3 It is recommended to improve transport facilities to keep the product quality with the mediation activities of government (eg: Cold room facilities in the train)

2.4 It is recommended to improve facilities at the airport in favor of floriculture exportation

2.5 Establishing farmer companies and providing cultivable lands on lease agreements which will allow cultivation in mass scale with uniform quality which is the key for export-oriented production.

07. Unveiling the Successes and Challenges of Climate-Smart Agriculture in Sri Lanka: Insights for Future Interventions

- Source of Funding : Consolidated Treasury Funds
- Research Team:

T.P. Munaweerage – Coordinator, R.M.D.H. Rathnayake – Co-researcher, D.T.P.S. Dharmawardhana – Co-researcher



- **SDG Goal:** 2 End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture
- **Main Objective:** To investigate the successes and challenges of Climate Smart Agriculture (CSA) implementation in Sri Lanka, with the goal of providing valuable insights for future interventions in the agricultural sector.

- a) CSA initiatives in Sri Lanka have demonstrated notable successes in enhancing agricultural resilience and productivity.
- b) Adoption of climate-resilient crop varieties and diversified farming practices has resulted in improved yields and reduced vulnerability to climate-related risks.
- c) Capacity-building efforts and knowledge transfer programs have empowered farming communities to implement sustainable CSA techniques effectively.
- d) Limited access to financial resources and technical assistance remains a significant barrier to the widespread adoption of CSA practices.

- e) Inadequate infrastructure and logistical support hinder the dissemination of climate-smart technologies and practices to remote rural areas.
- f) Effective extension services and farmer-to-farmer knowledge exchange play a crucial role in promoting the adoption of CSA practices at the grassroots level.

Key Recommendations:

- a) Advocate for the development and implementation of policies that incentivize and support the adoption of CSA practices, and increase investment in CSA research and innovation to develop context-specific solutions tailored to the diverse agro-ecological zones of Sri Lanka.
- b) Introduce microfinance schemes and credit facilities tailored to the needs of smallholder farmers to facilitate their investment in climate-smart technologies.
- c) Encourage public-private partnerships to mobilize resources for CSA implementation, including funding for research and development of innovative solutions.
- d) Expand extension services and farmer training programs to improve awareness and knowledge of CSA practices, emphasizing their benefits in terms of resilience to climate change and increased productivity.
- e) Establish robust monitoring and evaluation mechanisms to track the progress and impact of CSA interventions, allowing for evidence-based decision-making and adaptive management.

08. Empowering Climate-Vulnerable Farmers: A Study Assessing the Current Status of Vulnerability

Source of Funding: Consolidated Treasury Funds

Research Team:

M.A.C.S. Bandara – Coordinator, G.G.de.L.W. Samarasinha – Co-researcher, W.H.A. Shantha– Co-researcher, R.M.D.H. Rathnayake – Co-researcher



SDG Goal: 2 End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture

Main Objective: To comprehensively evaluate the impacts of climate change and rural socio-economic volatility on agriculture and the agrarian community in the study area, including the identification of challenges, consequences, and vulnerabilities, as well as an understanding of the existing agricultural practices and systems.

- a) Findings highlights the lack of representation from women and young farmers in this sector, with the majority of principal farmers being male and above 50 years. Additionally, a significant proportion of principal farmers have attended school below Grade 11, which could limit their access to information, comprehension, and opting for modern farming practices.
- b) The study reveals a growing trend towards smaller family units within the paddy-farming community, which has implications on labor availability, farm management practices, and resource allocation.

c) Crop farming serves as the primary employment for most principal farmers, there is a need for diversification of income sources to mitigate risks and explore other opportunities for sustaining livelihood. This is because smaller family units are more vulnerable to economic shocks, such as crop failures or price fluctuations. By diversifying their income sources, farmers can reduce their dependence on crop farming and improve their overall financial security.

Key Recommendations:

- a) Enhancing farmers' financial security and mitigating risks requires a significant focus on income source diversification. This entails exploring alternative revenue streams beyond conventional crop farming.
- b) Implement policies that promote gender equality in the agricultural sector. This could include providing women farmers with secure access to land, access to credit facilities, and targeted training programs to enhance their skills and knowledge.
- c) Special attention should be given to empowering young farmers to participate in the agricultural sector. Providing access to land, credit facilities, market opportunities and targeted training can create a conducive environment for their active engagement and future success.

09. Putting Climate Smart Solutions into Action: A guide to evidence-based implementation

Source of Funding: Consolidated Treasury Funds

Research Team:

G.G.de.L.W. Samarasinha Coordinator, H.J.C. Jayasooriya – Coresearcher, D.T.P.S. Dharmawardhana – Co-researcher, T.P. Munaweerage – Co-researcher



SDG Goal: 2 End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture

Main Objective: To develop a comprehensive strategic plan to implement climate-smart agriculture initiatives, emphasizing collaboration, evidence-based decision-making, and supportive policy frameworks.

- a) During PRA exercises, communities identified that a key adaptation barrier was the lack of finance to invest in solutions and a lack of local/provincial government support. Once the positive adaptation impacts of project initiatives are shared with government stakeholders and the outcomes are articulated and visible, government can become a strong partner providing encouragement, technical support and co-financing.
- b) Lack of awareness amongst farmers on the climate change-induced impacts on livelihoods, non-availability of agriculture extension facilities in many areas, limited technical advice on crop varieties and choices and limited ability to affect water management have been identified.

c) Villagers have no adequate knowledge about getting real time information and advice from relevant government authorities.

Key Recommendations:

- a) Increasing awareness on climate Information Services which provide timely weather forecasts and climate information to farmers will assist them in making informed decisions about their agricultural activities.
- b) Some possible solutions include improving irrigation systems to ensure adequate water supply, implementing better crop management techniques and developing proper methods to control wild animal's damages to cultivations, training for self-employment, creating working opportunities and strengthening the extension service.
- c) Encouraging renewable energy sources: Promoting the use of renewable energy sources, such as solar and wind power, can help to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and mitigate the impacts of climate change.

Studies handed over by the Ministry of Agriculture

01. Cost of Production of Broiler Chicken Meat and Table Egg - 2023

According to the request of the Additional Secretary (Livestock Development), Livestock Division, Ministry of Agriculture, Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research and Training Institute conducted this survey. The main objective of this survey was to calculate the cost of production of table eggs for smallscale, medium-scale and large-scale producers and to calculate cost of production of one kg of chicken meat with skin and without skin at small-scale, medium-scale and large-scale producers. The data was collected from the Western and North Western provinces. From the North Western province both Kurunegala and Puttalam district farmers were interviewed. Pannala, Dummalasuriya, Katupotha, Bingiriya, Panduwasnuwara, Wariyapola and Kobeigane veterinary ranges in the Kurunegala district and Mahakubukkadawala, Puttalam and Anamaduwa veterinary ranges in the Puttalam district were selected as study locations. Kosgama and Avissawella VS rangers were selected in the Colombo district for the survey.

The total cost of production of one kilo of chicken meat with skin was Rs.863.69/kg for large-scale farmers, Rs.794.95/kg for medium-scale farmers, and Rs.731.99/kg for small-scale farmers whereas the cost for one kg (without skin) was Rs.912.59/kg for large-scale farmers, Rs.840.12/kg for medium-scale farmers and Rs.773.14/kg for small-scale farmers. Around 58% of small-scale producers, 58% of medium-scale farmers, and 74% of large-scale producers of the total COP have spent for animal feeds at small scale, 39.51 for medium scale, and Rs. 34.82 for large-scale producers. Around 90% of the total COP of eggs was the feed cost of large-scale producers while it was 86% of medium-scale producers and around 79% of small-scale farmers and around 90% of the total cost for producing one egg was the feed cost.

02. Assessing the Household Food Security of Samurdhi Beneficiaries in Galle District – 2023

• Research Team:

N.P.G. Samantha, Prasanna Wijesinghe, Sangeeth Fernando, Raveena Udari, Dilini Perera

The State Minister of Agriculture, Mr. Mohan Priyadarshana De Silva, officially requested HARTI to conduct a collaborative study with the Department of Samurdhi to explore the existing living conditions of highly affected people due to the economic crisis. Furthermore, he suggested conducting the survey in the Galle district as the first stage. Both institutes agreed, with HARTI being responsible for coordinating the study, preparing the questionnaire, training enumerators, conducting data analysis, and writing the report. The Department of Samurdhi was tasked with data collection, utilizing their field-level officers.

The objective of the study was to assess the effects of the economic crisis on the food security level of households in the Galle District. This aimed to understand current buying behavior, changes in consumption, and coping strategies to facilitate effective interventions through suitable food safety net programs. Specific objectives included exploring household food consumption patterns, assessing the effects of the economic crisis on household food security and nutrition, investigating coping strategies adopted by households during economic crises, and suggesting strategies to mitigate vulnerability while shaping effective food safety nets.

In October, the HARTI research team trained 25 enumerators selected by the Samurdhi Development Department, and data collection took place in November 2023.



Towards a transformative change in the field of agrarian and rural development sector-2023

For the advancement of agriculture and rural development any attempt taken should match the context and the change desired. Nevertheless, as rural development basically the development of people with people and for the people it is also essential to pay required attention to the development of human resources to pay the optimum dividends in the endure of any rural community development either it is agricultural or else. Developing human resources involves the capacity development focused both soft and hard skills of the concerned community people.

Upon recognition of this need, Education and Training Division of HARTI plans and delivers training and awareness programs every year to develop the capacity of the community peopled specially in agriculture sector so that they help their own development and wellbeing as well at the same time contribute to the wellbeing of the broader society. HARTI, in deciding the training and awareness priorities carefully concern and often give prominence to the needs of stakeholders in the agrarian and rural sector that comprise of farmers, government and non-government officers and other community organizations which provides direct and indirect benefits the country's agriculture and the farming community. Following is a summary of the progress of the programs conducted by the Education and Training Division during 2023.

- 1. Awareness program on increasing household food security for communities in peri-urban areas
- 2. Awareness program for rural women and youth farmers on opportunities to becoming agrientrepreneurs-first phase
- 3. Awareness program for rural women and youth farmers on opportunities to becoming agri-Entrepreneurs-Second phase

01. Awareness program on possible actions that can undertake at household level to increasing the food security of communities living in peri-urban areas

Coordination of the Program : The coordination of this program was done by HARTI, with the cooperation of District Secretariat and divisional secretariat at respective levels.

• Resource persons:

HARTI Resource Persons:

- a) Chinthaka Jayasooriya, Coordinator, Education and Training Division
- b) S.M.A. Samarkoon, Research Fellow
- c) Dr. Chathura Jayampathi, Head, Education and Training Division

External Resource Persons from

- a) Provincial Department of Agriculture, District Office
- b) Regional Directors Office of Health Services,
- c) Central bank of Sri Lanka

Need of the program and objective

In the challenging socio-economic situation, the country had been going through during last couple of years, food security of majority of the people was threatened. As a result, uncertainties loomed in all aspects of food security such as the food availability, access to nutritional, quality and safe foods, and stability of maintaining access, availability and utility. Thereby the need arouses to give priority to drive domestic food production, reduce waste, make aware people of less costly nutritional food.

As a result, this awareness program was designed and conducted with the objective of supporting the governments' interventions in securing community's food security by increasing and improving the knowledge and skills, creating and changing attitudes, and preparing to maintain household's food security while contributing the food production of the country through

Subject content

The program comprised of four sessions, namely, 1. Challenges of contemporary food production sector and the role and responsibility of the community in ensuring the food security; 2. Increasing the food security through home gardening; 3. Increasing food security through reducing food wastage, 4. changing food consumption patterns and adopting food preservation techniques; and focusing on nutritional aspect of food security, and good financial management practices for maintaining household food security (financial security)

Executed locations and participation

30 programs were conducted in four districts namely Multivalve, Killinochchi, Monaragala and Nuwar-Eliya. Oarticipants were selected on the basis of - living in semi-urban areas and being in th age betweeen 20 to 50 years. Total number of participants attended were 1394.

Results and Outcome

Program was able to provide knowledge and awareness to a considerable number of community leaders in the target area and they are expected to share the knowledge with their community members through the discussions made within the community organizations. Also, it is expected that the knowledge provided support considerably lessen the gravity of the issues related to food security of the participants and their community members as a result of adopting mitigating methods made aware of.

02. Awareness Program on identifying the opportunities available for building women and youth as agri- entrepreneurs

This program designed in view of developing of agri-entrepreneurship has planned to be conducted in three phases. The first phase of the program was the encouraging phase, the second and third respectively were the supporting phase and sustaining phase

In the encouraging phase the awareness program focused on introducing agriculture related entrepreneur opportunities available on and away from farmland, qualities and characteristics required to develop and adopt to be a successful entrepreneur. Besides, it also oriented at motivating, developing entrepreneur attitude, making aware of market opportunities and providing participants with knowledge of institutions which are providing necessary supporting services for budding entrepreneurs.

Coordination of the Program

The coordination of this program was done by HARTI, with the cooperation of District Secretariat and Divisional Secretariat at respective locations.

• Resource persons:

HARTI Resource Persons

- a) Chinthaka Jayasooriya, Coordinator, Education and Training Division
- b) S.M.A. Samarkoon, Research Fellow
- c) Dr. Chathura Jayampathi, Head, Education and Training Division
- d) Mrs. Susila Lurdu, Senior Research Officer, Education and Training Division

External Resource Officers from

- a) Provincial Department of Agriculture, District Offices
- b) Provincial Department of Animal Production and Health- District Office
- c) Small Enterprise Development unit (SED)
- d) National Enterprise Development Authority (NEDA)

Need of the program and objective

For the development of a country's economy, it is very important to have well established entrepreneurs. Entrepreneurs help a country so much to build assets. They create employments, make maximum use of resources available, save and earn much needed foreign exchange which the country badly needed. Also motivating and encouraging youth and unemployed educated women to become successful entrepreneurs falls in line with the government's policy of building "productive citizens and happy families"

Subject Content

Content consisted of four main knowledge areas 1. How to develop as an entrepreneur and the skills, knowledge should be acquired, qualities and attitude should be adopted. 2. The entrepreneur opportunities available in areas such as agriculture, livestock and export crops related to farm and non-farm. 3. Institutes providing supporting services and nature of their services to budding entrepreneurs to develop their enterprises.

Executed Locations and participants

This awareness program was conducted in Hambantota, Galle, Matale, and Polonnaruwa districts. Total of 27 programs were conducted in selected DSDivisions/GN divisions and, total of 1193participants were attended.

Results and Outcome

Result of this training program was providing the knowledge, awareness, motivation and making attitude to think as entrepreneurs of a set of dynamic youth and female participants. In the long run they are expected to better perform and to become promising entrepreneurs the country needs so much.

02 Awareness Program on identifying the opportunities available for building women and youth as agri- entrepreneurs (Second Phase)

This the second phase or the awareness program on developing entrepreneurship. This program was conducted as the supportive phase for those identified as promising and made entrepreneur initiatives from the knowledge and guidance received from first program described above

Coordination of the Program

The coordination of this program was done by HARTI, with the cooperation of District Secretariat and divisional secretariat at respective levels.

• Resource persons

HARTI Resource Persons

- a) Chinthaka Jayasooriya, Coordinator, Education and Training Division
- b) S.M.A. Samarkoon, Research Fellow

External Resource Officers from

- a) Department of Agriculture, Enterprise Development Unit,
- b) Small Enterprise Development unit (SED)

Objective:

Providing support and assistance to the budding entrepreneurs who face the challenges in their newly started ventures and improve skills and knowledge required for success and sustainability

Subject Content:

- Challenges a budding entrepreneur faces at the initial stage of their entrepreneurial engagement and ways to overcome them.
- Building the environment and skills required for the success and sustainability of entrepreneurial efforts.
- Wining market with attractive marketing strategies.

Executed locations and participation

The second phase programs were conducted in Kurunegala and Badulla districts. The total number of newly capped entrepreneurs trained in this phase were 193. That is as 61 and 132 respectively from all four districts

Results and Outcome:

- This program laid the foundation to build strong and successful young entrepreneurs in Kurunegala and Badulla districts.
- Accordingly, the long-term impact of this program is the younger generation getting into productive, more creative and challenging livelihoods that create profit and thereby help the development their communities and better contributes the country's economy

2.4 Data Management Division



Agriculture Marketing Information System (AMIS)

The main objective of the project is to collect market price and information, processing, analyzing and disseminating data and information. Wholesale prices, retail prices and farm-gate prices of the food commodities are collected from 45 marketplaces covering the major producing and distributing areas in the country.

Market data and information are published as daily, weekly and monthly bulletins. In addition, daily wholesale prices of the 10 Economic Centers and Wholesale markets are disseminated via "6666" of the Mobitel network. To enhance the efficiency of market data collection and dissemination, Automated Cloud System has been developed.

The information of this project has been disseminated among policymakers, ministries, public and private institutes, students of the universities and any other data users according to their request. It is also one of the major responsibilities of the Data Management Division.

2.5 Information & Communication Division

Research Reports

1. Import Ban on Chemical Fertilizer and Other Agro-Chemicals - Short-Term Impacts on the Paddy Sector.

'Govimina' National Agriculture Newspaper (Sinhala Medium)



01st Category

08th Issue (February – March) 09th Issue (MArch – April) 10th Issue (April – May) 11th Issue (May – June) 12 Issue (June – July)

'Govimina' Magazine (Tamil Medium)



2023 - 01st Volume - 01st Issue

02nd Issue

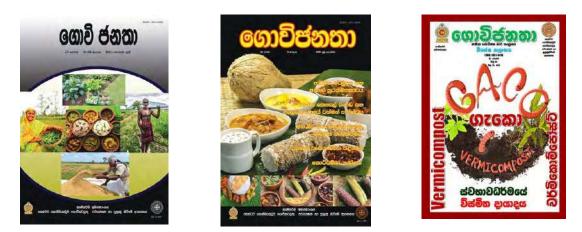
News Letters

2023 Volume 47 1st Editions 2nd Editions 3rd Editions 4th Editions



'Govikatayuthu Adyanaya' Journal (Sinhala) 2023 Volume 14 – 1st Edition

'Govijanatha' Magazine Volume 25



• Communication Skills and Training Hand Book



• Climate Change FAQ Handbook



• Hector Kobbekaduwa's handbook for the 51st Commemoration

Social Media Posts 2023

Official Facebook Posts	88
Official X Account Posts	45
Instagram Posts	23
YouTube Videos	34 Videos have bee uploaded

Program on Television Channels

- Dr. G.G. Bandula, Director.Chief Executive Officer 'Aluth Dinak' program on Sri Lanka Rupavahini Corporation –(on 30th March 2023)
- Mrs. Renuka Weerakkody, Research Fellow "*Mehewara*' program on Swarnavahini Measures to be taken to minimize the wild animal attacks on crop lands (on 27th April 2023).

Programs on Radio Channels

• Dr. G.G. Bandula, Director.Chief Executive Officer – '*Subharathi*' program on Sri Lanka Broadcasting Corporation – Cost of Living, Inflation and Statistics (on 11th August 2023).

Video Recordings as Interviews for External Organizations

DIMO Agric-Business - 'Krushi Saubhagya' YouTube Interview Series.

- 1. Farm Mechanization in Contemporary Agriculture Mr. Sidath BAndara, Senior Research Officer.
- 2. The Importanc of Cattle Rearing and Milk Prodution in Sri Lanka Ms. Sagarika Hitihamu, Senior Research Officer.
- 3. The Path to Successful Entrepreneur Mr. Chnthaka Jayasuriya, Research Officer.

4. The Effective Utilization of Micro-Finane – Ms. Thushara Dharmawardhana, Research Officer.

Newspaper Articles

'Crisis made Crises in Poultry'- Provided by the Research Team of the Food Systems Diviison – Published in Daily Mirror on 07th November 2023.

Exhibition Stalls

Three day exhibition on National Science Day organized by the Ministry of Education at the National Museum premises form 8 - 10 November 2023.

Policy Briefs

- Import Ban on Chemical Fertilizer and Other Agro-Chemicals- Effects on Floriculture Sector
- Import Ban on Chemical Fertilizer and Other Agro-Chemicals -Short-Term Impacts on Vegetables
- Import Ban on Chemical Fertilizer and Other Agro-Chemicals Short-Term Impacts on Selected OFCs and Potato Crop
- Import Ban on Chemical Fertilizer and Other Agro-Chemicals Short-Term Impacts on the Paddy Sector
- Economic Crisis and Households Food Security: Sri Lanka, 2022
- Income Diversification as a Sustainable Livelihood Strategy for Rural Development An Assessment of Optimal Conditions

Programs Broadcasted on HARTI YouTube Channel - 2023



2.6 LIBRARY

The main objective of the library is to collect, compile, retrieve and disseminate information related to the agrarian sector for the benefit of HARTI research staff and other interested persons and organizations. During the year, the staff borrowed 256 books, 04 reference books and 05 journals for reference. The number of visitors to the library during the year was 45.

Acquisition of books, journals and reports

During the year, 85 books have been acquired for the library collection. A large number of periodicals, newsletters, annual reports have been received as exchange or donation from local and foreign institutions.

Library Services

Requests from the research staff and outside users for information and documentation services such as literature search, reference services, current awareness services and SDI services were attended to.

Access to internet based information facilities was further extended for the research staff with the WiFi facility being set up in the library. Collection of newspaper articles on various subjects and indexing of the articles for quick reference continued for the use of both internal staff and outside users.

Inter Library Cooperation (ILC)

The HARTI Library provides library material through the inter-library loan facility. This facility is available only for the requesting libraries and not for individuals. Inter-library loan facility functions between university and special libraries at present. The libraries that wish to request for the facility have to sign the inter-library loan agreement prior to obtaining publications on loan. In addition, e documents were shared via email with the universities for research purposes.

Library Promotional Activities

A promotional leaflet on the HARTI library was distributed among university students and visitors of HARTI.

Book donation by Dr. M U A Tennakoon

Dr M U A Tennakoon, formerly an Assistant Governor of the central Bank of Sri Lanka, Director General, Mahaweli Authority and Executive Director, South Asia Partnership- is an internationally as well as locally well-known social scientist who has conducted extensive field research pertaining to dry zone development issues over the past 50 years. This award winning research writer was and is the forerunner of ellanga-based irrigation agriculture in the dry zone with several development models constructed by him to guide future researchers. He has written IS book along with an array of research documents and quality research papers published here and abroad.

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Dr Tennakoon donated his entire private library, comprising 650 items to the Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research and Training Institute (HARTI) with instructions to hold them in a separate section to facilitate present and future researchers in dry zone development.

2.7 External Partnership

The year 2023 was significant as external partnership linkages was expended and the institution rebuild relations with many international organizations. These initiatives yielded immediate results by way of the Institute being commissioned to undertake research, training and surveys. The total of Rs. 58 million LKR project budget was implemented during the year.

	External Organizations	Utilized budget (Rs.)
1	Food and Agriculture Organization	32,250,622.75
2	United Nations World Food Program	9,432,540.16
3	Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. (JICA Expert Team)	4,158,452.89
4	Devpro / Oxfam	3,599,518.06
5	World Vision Lanka	8,624,196.94
	Total Utilized Budget	58,065,330.80

01. Food and Agriculture Organization

Leveraging the integrated e- extension services to minimize the Sri Lankan agricultural sector vulnerability to climate shocks (FAO)

- Source of Funding: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations
- Research Team:

M.A.C.S. Bandara – Coordinator, T.P. Munaweerage – Co-researcher, G.G.de.L.W. Samarasinha – Co-researcher, W.H.A. Shantha– Co-researcher, H.J.C. Jayasooriya – Co-researcher, D.T.P.S. Dharmawardhana – Co-researcher, R.M.D.H. Rathnayake – Co-researcher

- **SDG Goal:** 2 End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture
- **Main Objective:** The provide financial and technical support for deploying and disseminating the e-extension platform, S.E.E.D Hub, in Sri Lanka to aid paddy-rice farmers in reducing their vulnerability to multiple shocks and contributing to poverty reduction in rural areas.

Progress

To achieve these objectives, a comprehensive training program consisting of 110 sessions was organized and conducted following a standardized protocol. The aim of these training sessions was to demonstrate the features of the S.E.E.D. Hub, elucidate various modules of the platform, guide participants on accessing and understanding advisories, and address any questions from farmers. The training took place in ten districts, specifically tailored for paddy-rice farmers, with the goal of reducing

their vulnerability to multiple shocks, contributing to poverty reduction in rural areas, and empowering farmers who lack proper extension services to become entrepreneurial farmers. This training aimed to assist farmers in transforming their farmlands into profitable ventures, establish connections between farming communities and value chain actors, and implement risk management strategies to mitigate their vulnerability to recurrent climate shocks and natural hazards.

02. United Nations World Food Program

Calculation of Market Functionality Index (MFI)

• Funding source: World Food Programme (WFP)

Research Team:

N.P.G. Samantha, Prasanna Wijesinghe, Sangeeth Fernando, Roshani Rambukwella, Jayamini Champika, Anupa Dissanayake.

World Food Programme (WFP) along with the Food System Division and Data Management Division of the HARTI collaboratively conducted this survey. Market Functionality Index (MFI) has been developed by the WFP based on nine dimensions of market functioning. Data collection was completed in 37 locations representing all markets across the country from May 2023 to September 2023. MFI is measured the functioning level of the market. Accordingly, if the value of the indicator is 0-3, the functioning of the market is low and it is recommended providing an in-kind subsidy. If the value stands at 3-6, the market is functioning moderately and they recommend a voucher system for their subsidy programme. If the indicator value is 6-9, the market is functioning well then cash grants are recommended. The functionality of market had significantly increased compared to the year 2022 in the year 2023.

03. Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. (JICA Expert Team)

Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project on Livelihood Enhancement of Small and Medium-Scale Agri Producers by Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka.

- Funding Source: Nippon Koei Co., Ltd
- Research Team:
 - N.P.G. Samantha, Ruvini Vidanapathirana, Roshini Rambukwella, Nalaka Wijesooriya, Prasanna Wijesinghe, Jayamini Champika, Sangeeth Fernando, Dilini Perera Raveena Udari, Anupa Dissanayake

In collaboration with Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) supported by Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.'s consultants, the Department of Agriculture (DoA) initiated implementing the project for Livelihood Enhancement for Small and Medium Scale Agricultural Producers through Strengthening Value Chain Structure in Sri Lanka. HARTI was success in in bidding process to get the contract of doing this research and conducted the study from January – May 2023. The study found key issues in fruit and vegetable value chain in Sri Lanka and possible solutions were given.

Objective: The overall objective of this study was to carry out a value chain analysis of the selected major crops representing three different agroclimatic zones (low country, up country, and mid-country) in order to understand the structure and function of agricultural value chains, their trends, challenges, and possible solutions which the project can mirror on the action plan for better implementation.

Key findings: The issues in the fruit and vegetable value chain are categorized into producer and intermediary levels. Producer-level challenges include seed-related issues, fertilizer and agrochemical problems, lack of knowledge in good agricultural practices, crop selection, and technology adoption, along with issues such as wild animal attacks, high prices of supporting sticks, limited demand in modern value chains, and insufficient access to financing. Intermediary-level challenges involve postharvest losses, limited bargaining power of farmers, high transport costs, and issues in financial settlements.

Possible solutions: Possible solutions include increasing funding for seed production, addressing fertilizer and agrochemical supply concerns, promoting good agricultural practices, enhancing knowledge on crop selection and technology adoption, implementing measures to prevent wild animal attacks, finding alternatives to costly supporting sticks, improving crop insurance systems, increasing access to financing facilities, providing market information, and restructuring transportation methods to reduce postharvest losses. Additionally, encouraging direct marketing channels and establishing farmers' markets are suggested to enhance bargaining power and market access for farmers.

04. Devpro / Oxfam

GOVIMINA newspaper & the GOVIMINA Magazine (DEVPro)

Source of Funding: Devpro / Oxfam

Team:

Shantha Hewage – Coordinator, Thushal Withanage , Wasanthi Rajapaksa

HARTI recognized the work carried out by DevPro Guarantee Limited and collaborating work with the project on Govimina Newspaper (Sinhala medium) as well as the Govimina magazine (Tamil medium). In order to give proper understanding about the Dev Pro Guranteee limited to the farming communities and other stakeholders, its activities in the Livelihood development, agricultural and animal husbandry sectors can be given additional media space in the newspaper and the magazine.

Govimina Newspaper

In order to assist and serve the agrarian community 05 issues of the Govimina Newspaper having 23,200 copies printed and distributed free of charge among farmer organizations and farmers and agricultural marketers covering major agricultural areas of Sri Lanka. In addition,

the newspaper is distributed to all relevant ministries, government organization and public universities, and school libraries in Sri Lanka.

Govimina Tamil Magazine

Also 3 issues of 1500 Govimina Magazine printed and distributed among predominantly Tamil speaking farming communities. It seeks the knowledge and technology dissemination to the agrarian society and the other related stakeholders including divisional and village level officers in the agriculture, agrarian and rural development sectors. Further, empowered of women in agrarian society and to enhance food security and nutrition level of farm households through producing safe and nutrition's foods will also have discussed in the monthly magazine.

Short-Term evaluation the impact of two print media on farming community

There was a positive impact of the two knowledge dissemination tools (Govimina newspaper and the magazine) on the farming communities in the targeted locations. Accordingly, the technology and innovations disseminated trough these two channels were taken up by the particular farming communities for the productivity increase on crop production and dairy farming/animal husbandry. Therefor a simple evaluation of the impact of the two media channels on technology adoption by farmers was implemented for insights to both HARTI and DevPro to reshape the content and the structure of the two printed media.

During the project period, the Govimina newspaper and the Govimina magazine was distributed among the farming community in major agricultural districts of the country such as Anuradhapura, Ampara, Battiacalo, Kilinochchi, Vavuniya, Kurunegala, Badulla, Matale, Kegalle, Galle, Matara, Hambantota, Moneragala, Ratnapura and Colombo trough different distributing channels.

The project was implemented for five month period during February-June in the year 2023 and DevPro Gurantee Limited has financially supported with 4.3 million LKR for the implementation of the project.

05. World Vision Lanka

Climate Adapted Farming Practices and Climate Adaptation of Vulnerable Groups in the Dry Zone of Sri Lanka (WVL)

Source of Funding: World Vision Lanka

Research Team:

W.H.A. Shantha – Coordinator,
M.A.C.S. Bandara – Co-researcher,
G.G.de.L.W. Samarasinha – Co-researcher,
T.P. Munaweerage – Co-researcher,
H.J.C. Jayasooriya – Co-researcher,
D.T.P.S. Dharmawardhana – Co-researcher,
R.M.D.H. Rathnayake – Co-researcher

SDG Goal: 2 End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture

Main Objective: To understand the vulnerabilities of marginalized groups in the face of climate change, and identify climate-adaptive farming practices that are practiced by respective communities.

Key Findings:

a) The availability of, and, the access to both, safe drinking water, and, agricultural water was considered the most significant climate change related issue that severely impacted female farmers by depriving them of an opportunity to earn an income, and increased participation in household chores in contrast to male farmers, who were able to attend off-farm, and non-farm activities away from home.

b) Farmers in the regions are acutely aware of the shifting climate patterns, particularly the fluctuations in both rainfall and temperature that represent climate change. Their perceptive observations and experiences on the field form a collective recognition of the challenges posed by these variations.

c)To a large extent, local communities have successfully implemented low-cost adaptation measures, leveraging climate information, raising awareness, and actively participating in adaptation programs. However, most community-driven efforts tend to favour and prioritize immediate, short-term solutions over long-term sustainable strategies.

Key Recommendations:

a) Encourage and support community-driven adaptation initiatives. Foster collaboration between government agencies, NGOs, and local communities to develop context-specific adaptation strategies that align with the needs and priorities of farmers.

b) Introduce financial mechanisms and support systems to assist farmers in implementing adaptation measures.

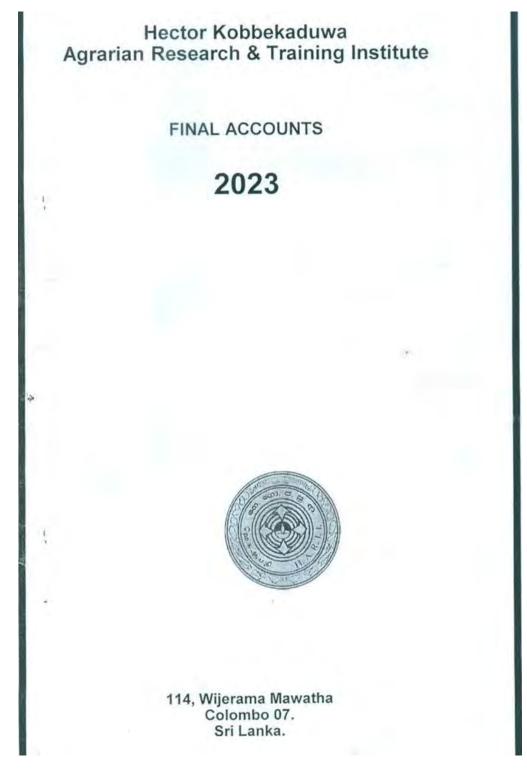
c)Establish a robust monitoring and evaluation framework to assess the effectiveness of implemented policies. Regular assessments will enable policymakers to refine strategies based on real-time feedback and evolving climatic conditions.

d)Engage in international collaboration to share best practices, technologies, and financial resources. Climate change is a global challenge, and cooperation with other nations can enhance the effectiveness of adaptation efforts.

Chapter 03

Financial Performance of the Year

3.1 Final Accounts



Hector Kobbekaduwa	Agrarian	Research &	Training	Institute
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ASSETS	Notes	1110	
		2023	2022
Current assets			22.205.200
Cash and cash equivalents	2	45,903,450	23,265,388
Receivables-Debtors	3	28,064,472	32,886,372
Receivables-Deposits	4	764,370	763,070
Inventories	5	7,568,596	6,464,913
Prepayments	6	24,654	26,613
Other current assets	7	17,126	10,212
	_	82,342,668	63,416,567
Nun-current assets			
Other financial assets	8	4,630,965	4,485,371
Infrastructure, plant and equipment	9	15,686,367	13,517,556
Land and buildings	10	32,826,222	34,179,749
		53,143,554	52,182,676
Total assets		135,486,222	115,599,243
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Payables	11	28,959,096	24,244,463
Payaules	_	28,959,096	24,244,463
Non-current liabilities	12	55,008,475	58,189,008
Employee benefits	12	55,008,475	58,189,008
Total liabilities		83,967,571	82,433,470
Net Assets		51,518,651	33,165,772
NET ASSETS/EQUITY			
Government Grant - Capital	13	28,908,768	31,195,361
Grant from Mr.Malinda Senevirathne		445,200	593,600
Grant from Presidential Secretarial		526,500	
Reserves	14	5,619,846	3,376,907
Revaluation Reserve		26,450	26,450
Incentive and Training Fund	15	-	8,611
Capital Grant Funded Project		1,497,645	498,853
Accumulated surplus/(deficits)	17	14,494,242	(2,534,011
Accumulated surplus/ (dencits)			
Total net assets/equity		51,518,651	33,165,772

The accounting policies on pages 5 to 8 and Notes on pages 9 to 16 an integral part of these financial statements. I certify that the financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the requirements of Public Sector Accounting Standards.

1

Thushari Wedage ACCOUNTANT

Date 29 02

G. W. Thushari Wedage Accountant Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research DIRECTOR and Training Institute 114. Wijerama Mawatha, Colombo - 07

Dr. G. G. Bandula Director / CEO Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research & Training Institute No 114. Wijerama Mw., Colombo 07

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these Financial Statements. These Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors and signed on their behalf.

Janaka Dharmakeerthi

Secretary Ministry of Agriculture and Plantation Industries No.80/5, "Govijana Mandiraya", Rajamalwatta Avenue, Battaramulla, CHAIRMAN

2024

Board Member

Revenue	Notes	2023	2022
Funds from government Treasury		162,227,000	188,000,000
Funds from Outsiders for Research and Training Activities		58,065,331	41,409,992
Capital Grant received for Research and Training Activities		15,990,000	/ 12,827,890
Other revenue	17	50,326,537	23,809,386
Bad Debt over Provision		782,510	
Total Revenue		287,391,378	266,047,267
Expenses			
Wages, salaries and employee benefits	18	(144,467,293)	(162,775,856
Research and Training Activities	20	(19,645,376)	(12,827,890
Funds to Outsiders for Research and Training Activities	21	(58,065,331)	(41,409,992
Depreciation	9,10	(5,655,619)	(4,787,504)
Other expenses	19	(43,275,695)	(38,563,389)
Bad Debt under Provision			(180,265)
Bank Charges		(153,705)	(110,750)
Total expenses		(271,263,019)	(260,655,645
Surplus / Deficit for the period		16,128,359	5,391,622

ACCOUNTANT

L. w. Thushari Wedage Accountant Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research and Training Institute 114, Wijerama Mawatha, Colombo - 07.

DIRECTOR

Dr. G. G. Bandula Director / CEO Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research & Training Institute No. 114. Wijerama Mw. Colombo 07

Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research and Training Institute

Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research & Training In	nstitute
Cash Flow Statement for the year ended December 3	1, 2023

2,022		Notes	2023	3
	Cash flow used in operating activities			
5,391,622	Net deficit / Surplus for the year			16,128,359
	Adjustment for			
4,787,504	Depreciation		5,647,929	
(4,787,504)	Amotization		(5,647,929)	
	Provision for Gratuity		4,377,657	
(1,297,991)	Investment Income		(1,343,155)	
279,789	Prior year adjustment		899,895	
	Bad Debt over Provision		(782,510)	
16,333	Profit/Loss on Disposal scrap Items		-	
				3,151,88
9,456,116				19,280,240
	Working Capital Changes			
	Receivables		4,820,600	
-1	Inventories		(1,103,683)	
	Prepayments		1,959	
	Other current assets		(6,914)	
			4,714,633	8,426,595
15,876,464	Cash used in operating activities			27,706,841
(8,073,475)	Payment of Gratuity			(7,558,190
7,802,989	Net cash used in operations			20,148,651
	Cash Flow from Investing Activities			
/101.0971	Other financial assets		(145,594)	
	Infrastructure, plant and equipment		(4,594,039)	
	Investment Income		1,343,155	
	Library book cost recovery for loss books		-	
(999,036)	Net cash used in investing activities			(3,396,478
	Cash Flow from Financing Activities			
	Government Grant - Capital Received		18,334,000	
		ots		
and the second second	Capital Grant received for Research and Training Activ		(15,990,000)	
(12,027,050)	Bad Debt over Provision	Vities		
110 2021			782,510	
(16,333)	Sale of disposal items			
-	Incentive Fund Institute Share 10%		(8,611)	
2,476,877				5,885,889
9,280,831	Net Increase in Cash & Cash equivalents			22,638,062
13,984,557	Cash & Cash Equivalent at the Beginning of Period	1		23,265,388
23,265,388	Cash & Cash Equivalent at the End of Period	н		45,903,450
	Notes:			
	Cash & Cash Equivalent		1	21 12 2022
23,245,388	Cash at bank		01.01.2023 23,245,388	31.12.2023 45,875,260
20,240,000	Cash in hand		20,000	45,875,200
20,000	Total	+ +	23,265,388	45,903,450

Institute	
Training	
οð	
Research	
Agrarian	
Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research & Training Institute	
Hector	

Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity for the year ended 31 December 2023

	Government Grant Capital	Reserves	Grant from Mr.Malinda	Capital Grant Presidential Sec.	Lapital Grant Funded Project	Reserve	Incentive and Training Fund	Accumulated Surplus/(Deficits)	Iotal
Balance as at 01 January 2023	31,195,361	3,376,907	593,600		498,853	26,450	8,611	(2,534,011)	33,165,771
Hunds/Assets received		2,682,177		585,000	1,369,990				4,637,167
Funds received from Treasury	18,334,000								18,334,000
Amotization for the year	(4,630,593)	(439,238)	(148,400)	(58,500)	(371,198)				(5,647,929)
Incentive Scheme Payable							(8,611)		(8,611)
Funded Project institute Share 40%		ð							
Capital Grant received for Research and Training Activities	(15,990,000)								(15,990,000)
Prior Year balance transfer									A.
Prior Year Adjustments								\$68,668	\$68,895
Income & Expenditure								16,128,359	16,128,359
Balance as at 31 December 2023	28,908,768	5,619,846	445,200	526,500	1,497,645	26,450		14,494,243	51,518,652

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31st December 2023

1. Accounting Policies

1.1 General

The Financial Statements are prepared under the historical cost basis in accordance with Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting Standards (SLPSAS) laid down by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka and the provisions of the Finance Act No.38 of 1971. Adjustments have not been made for inflationary factors in these financial statements. The accounting principles are applied consistently on accrual basis.

1.2 Comparative information

The Accounting Policies have been consistently applied by the Institute with these used in the previous year, Previous year figures have been rearranged wherever necessary to confirm to the current year presentation.

1.3 The Institute has adequate resources to continue operations well into the foreseeable future. Therefore, the Institute adopts the going concern basis in preparing financial statements.

1.4 Events occurring after the Balance Sheet date

All material post Balance Sheet events have been considered and where appropriate adjustments or disclosures have been made in the financial statements.

1.5 Valuation of Assets

(i) Property, Plant & Equipment

The cost of property, plant & equipments are at their cost of purchase or construction together with any incidental expenses thereon. Expenditure incurred for the purpose of acquiring, extending or improving assets of a permanent nature by means of which to carry on the institute or for the purpose of increasing the capacity of the institute has been treated as capital expenditure. Cost of maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. The property, plant & equipment are recorded at cost (or revaluation) less accumulated depreciation which is provided for on bases specified below

a) Depreciation is provided on the straight-lines method at the following rates per annum.

Buildings Equipment/Furniture Computer Welfare Equipment Books Vehicles 2 ½ % per annum 10% per annum 20% per annum 10% per annum 10% per annum 20% per annum

A fu	Il year	's de	preciation	is	charged	in	the	year	of	purchase.	
------	---------	-------	------------	----	---------	----	-----	------	----	-----------	--

b) Amortization amount is recognized & accounted on LKAS 20

c) Palwehera bungalow building

Palwehera bungalow had been transferred to Divisional Secretarial office -Dambulla as at 01.11.2019 that transfer value was Rs 1,962,545.66.

1.6 Debtors

i) Scholarship Debtors

Presently six scholarship debtor balances are continued. According to SLIPSAS 08 this year adequate provision has been made on risk and uncertainties.

ii) Other Debtors

Other debtors are stated at the amounts which they are expected to realize. Adequate provision has been made for bad and doubtful debts as follows

1.	Debtors balance over 5 years		100%
2.	Debtors balance over 01 to 05 years	-	5%

III) Unrecorded Hostel Income

Unrecorded hostel income was Rs. 8,895,470/- that amount was created on hostel operation activities from 2015 may to 2018 July. This amount was identified by special committee that appointed by Director HARTI. This amount was not recorded that decision had been taken by Board of Governors'

IV) Receivable from Divisional Secretarial Dambulla

This amount included the transfer value of Palwehera bungalow, which total transfer value was not settled on due rental amount of bungalow.

1.7 Stocks

Stocks of consumable items are valued at cost. Other stocks are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost of the stocks is valued using FIFO method.

6

1.8 Investment

Fixed deposits renewed at the same banks.

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1.9 Liabilities and Provision

1.10 Gratuity

Provision has been made in Financial Statements for Gratuity payable under the payment of Gratuity act No. 12 of 1983.

In the year 2023 gratuity has been calculated based on Basic Salary and Cost of Living Allowance as at 31.12.2023

1.8.2 Contingent Liabilities

A provision for contingent liabilities has been made on pending court decision.

1.8.3 Contingent Assets

Contingent Assets has been made on pending legal cases for recovering to scholarship debtors that details are given below

Mr.P.D.J.Ananda

Court case is laid due to non availability at the given address. Even thought a sum of Rs. 1,250,000.00 has been charged from the guarantors. The balance amount of Rs. 2,759,754.28 is to be recovered from Mr.P.D.J.Ananda.

Mr.M.S.Gowrisanker

His address has not been found to send the letter of demand. However, the guarantors have already paid Rs. 1,250,000.00. The balance amount of Rs. 3,634,110.07 is pending to recover from Mr.M.S.Gowrisanker.

Dr. Gamini Wickramasinghe

He has appealed two times. A judgment received in favour of the HARTI. Finally, a letter has sent to the Attorney General Department for Writ of Certiorari. Follow up fiscal action in progress. He has been deposited Rs 140,000.00 in 2021 but This deposit has been mentioned as unauthorized deposit by HARTI

Ms.R.Athukorala

Ms.R.Athukorala had a bond value of Rs. 2,181,521.00.The guarantors paid a sum of Rs.1,250,000.00. The balance amount of Rs 931,521.00 could not be recovered. Her address has not been found to send the letter of demand.

Mr.P.D.R.Kumarasiri

The value of Mr.P.D.R. Kumarasiri's bond is Rs. 332.868356



The guarantors have been charged Rs. 332,868.56. The balance of Rs. 166,433.44 has to be recovered from other one guarantor decided by the court. However, the address of one guarantor cannot be found.

Ms.A.C.K.Sepala

Ms. A.C.K.Sepala has a bond value of Rs. 1,249,641.11. A court judgment ordering to pay a sum of Rs. 1,200,000.00 has been received. She has settled Rs. 900,000.00 to date.

1.8.4 Defined Contribution Plan

Institute contributes 15% and 3% of employee's monthly salary to Employee's Provident Fund (EPF) and Employee's Trust Fund (ETF) respectively. These contributions are recognized as expenses in the Statement of Financial Performance on current circulars issued by Department of Management Service.

1.9 Statement of Financial Performance

The statement of financial performance is stated after;

- a. Providing bad and doubtful debts and all expected future expenses in day to- day operation of the institute and maintaining the property plants and equipment in a state of efficiency.
- b. Revenues are included Funds of Government Treasury, income of hostel charges, conference hall charges & others.

2.0 Transport and Printing cost

Transport and printing expenditures have to be accounted for all divisions and research and training. Therefore, that expenditure has been valued at an approved rate and that cost is adjusted to a percentage between those relevant expenditures.

Transport facilities has been provided on special rate for the funded project. The Transport facilities of funded project has been calculated separately and that amount disclosed under the other revenue.

2.1 Capital Grants received for Research and Training Activities

The treasury was allocated the funds for research & training activities on head of government capital grant s. According to LKAS -38, Research & Training cost can be treated as Intangible assets but institute's research & training cost can't be treated as intangible assets. Because output of institute's research was not complied with requirements of LKAS 38. Therefore, total research & training cost are debited to the "statement of financial performance" that cost treated as recurrent expenses and above mentioned government capital grants also transferred to the institute's "statement of financial performance" for the year.

Hector Kobbekaduwa	Agrarian	Research &	Training In	stitute	
Nator to the Statements					

Cash and cash equivalents	2023	2022
Cash in hand	28,190	20,000
Cash at bank - A/c No 2323292	41,208,178	14,521,834
Cash at bank - A/c No 2323293	1,133,289	5,814,146
Cash at bank - A/c No 2323315	2,298,960	807,905
Cash at bank - A/c No 2323317	1,234,833	2,101,504
Cash at Dank - My the Establish	45,903,450	23,265,389

3 Receivables

FIOUSION OF SCHOOLSIND		
Provision for scholarship	(14,031,946)	(14,198,379
Provision for Bad & Doubtful Debtors	(232,018)	(848,094
Less:	42,328,435	47,532,043
	42,328,435	47,932,845
	2,701,434	7,989,691
T 453		5,676
Conducting Training Programs		1,981,655
T 452 Organizing Workshops, Developing Training Materials and Tools and		
Sri Lanka	103,534	592,010
R 585 Funded WFP Effects of Rising Food Prices on Household Food Security in	2100010.0	-11-
Divisional secretariat Dambulla	1,962,546	1,962,546
Supplier Registration unidentified		85,000
Receivable from Ministry of Public Administration	44,800	44,800
Receivable Govimina income Recoverable from Metropolitan Office (Pvt) Ltd	70	70
Receivable Govimina Income		50,000
Receivable from Rashmini	70,725	
Groups in the Dry Zone of Sri Lanka Receivable from admin division	14,234	14,234
R-582 Climate-Adapted Farming Practices and Climate Adaptation of Vulnerable		2,134,678
Debtors - Mobitel Pvt Ltd	125,928	400,655
Recoverable from medical insurance	-	400.659
Recoverable from resigned employees	340,151	2,500
Investment income receivable	39,446 340,151	610,106
Other Debtors	20 446	105,758
	39,627,001	39,943,154
Scholarship debtors	17,965,464	18,131,898
Hostel Income Receivable	833,114	100,114
Auditorium Income Receivable	529,600	35,875
Festival Advance	-	2,500
Consolidated loan	20,155,566	21,495,623
Housing Loan	143,257	177,144
Housing Loan	143,437	#111j#:

4 Receivables

Deposits		
Fixed - Caterer	70,000	70,000
Sundry - Sri Lanka Telecom (Internet facility)	3,125	3,125
Sundry - Post Master General	24,945	24,945
Sundry - Colombo Gas and Water Co.	4,750	4,750
Sundry - Water supply and Drainage Board	500	500
Sundry - Celltel Lanka Ltd.	3,500	3,500
Sundry - Ceylon Electricity Board	407,550	406,250
Sundry - Fuel Deposit	250,000	250,000
The second s	764,370	763,070



HARTI ANNUAL REPORT 2023

			L
5	Inventories	2023	2022
	Publication and journals	2,971,457	3,015,3
	Consumables	2,888,667	1,999,2
	Sales Center	1,708,473	1,450,3
		7,568,596	6,464,9
6	Prepayments Building Insurance	24,654	26,6
		24,654	26,6
7	Other current assets Purchase Advance	17,126	10,
		17,126	10,2
	Fixed Deposits at State Mortgage & Investment Bank-Housing Loan Schem	3,129,465 4,630,965	2,983,8 4,485,3

Infrastructure, plant and equipment	nent	Schedule of Depreciation of Assets - 31 December 2023	ation of Assets - 3	1 December 2023			LKR
101	Fact as at	Additions /	Total Cost	Acc/Dep	Dep.for	Accu/Dep.	Net Value
Particulars	Lost as at	Additions /	ac at	asat	the vear	ended	as at
	5707.10.10	during the	31.12.2023	01.01.2023	2023	31.12.2023	31.12.2023
	£1 777 105	1 433 865	63.211.060	53,250,241	2,115,421.99	55,365,663	7,845,397
Equipment/Furniture	VCJ CLV VC	5 NEN 990	39 464 523	31.177.825	1,689,614.59	32,867,439	6,597,084
Computer Installation	24,413,030 FT	nechronic	71 888 647	71.844.594	44,052.50	71,888,646	
Motor Vehicles	11,000,041	200 00	16 630 851	14 879 177	506.838.66	15,385,966	1,243,885
Books	16,589,966	107	100'670'0T	VEL C	-	3.734	
Welfare Equipment	3,735	(0)	3,/33	40/10 +14 +L4	A 365 037 7A	175 511 447	15.686.368
Total	DIN/CIO/POT						
10 Land and buildings		Schodulo of Depreciation of Assets - December 31,2023	iation of Assets -	December 31,2023		-	
		Scriedule of Depres			Donfor	Arri/Dan	Net Value
Particulars	Cost as at 01.01.2023	Additions/ (Disposals) during the	Total Cost as at 31.12.2023	Acc/Dep as at 01.01.2023	the year 2023	auded 31.12.2023	as at 31.12.2023
	1 857 387	1541 2023	1,857,387				1,857,387
Land	56.330.265	(61,526)	56,268,739	24,015,592	1,299,692	22,715,900	1
(Adiustment)			4	(7,691)	(7,691)		
Buildings	56,330,265	(61,526)	56,268,739	24,007,902	1,292,001	25,299,903	30,968,836
	58,187,652	(61,526)	58,126,126	24,015,592	1,292,001	25,299,903	32,826,222

HARTI ANNUAL REPORT 2023

	Breaklas	2023	2022
11	Payables Accorued expenses	8,113,188	8,751,98
	Payable Research & Training Expenses	1,819,666	2,876,94
	Tender deposit refundable	183,462	130,46
	Canteen deposit refundable - Upatissa Paranamana	50,000	50,00
	Unpaid expenditure	35,774	11,82
	Payable to Resigned Employees	690,551	688,05
	Stamp Fees Payable	14,350	16,70
	Retention	136,526	136,52
	Creditors	1,369,904	429,17
		1,303,304	46,01,00
	Welfare Society	125.012	175.01
	Gratuity Payable	126,913	126,91
	Payable to Ministry	1,550	94,35
	Management Development Book	8,000	8,00
	Special Advance	1,600	
	Paybale to divisional secretary dambulla	1,000,000	1,000,00
	Payable to Mr.Narayanasamy	10,800	10,80
	Payable to Small holder Agri business Partnership Prog.		38,55
	Unauthorized Deposit	430,000	330,00
	Medical Insurance Payable	-	53,90
	Podu sevaka sangamaya EMP 828 samanmalee	9,500	
	incentive scheme payable 2022	117,115	
	Payable to Resilience RTL	2.000	
	Bank Loan and Savings Payable	0	
	Trade Union Payable		
		4 003	
	Payable to P G D L W Samarasinghe	4,991	
	Payabe to H Chandrika	4,991	
	Payabe to Wijekoon	1,814	
	Payabe to Report Writing	642,000	
	Creditors against projects		
	Rapid food Security & need Assessment	7,774	7,77
	R-512 Capacity Development of Agrarian Research -Technology personnel in Sri		
	Lanka on Global Change and sustainability	22,831	22,83
	R-530 Baseline study for strengthening value chain for Banana, Mango and		
	pineapple corp in selected regions in Sri Lanka		2,518,78
	R-535 Addressing climate change inpmacts of Marginalized agricultural		
	communitites living in the Mahawell river basin of Sri Lanka		440,98
	Service Contract 03-2017		245,90
	R-559 Energy/water baseline assessment for drip irrigation technologies for		
	various crops in sri lanka	648,588	648,58
	R-561-2	11,825	11,82
	Service Contract 01-2019		783,85
	Service Contract 01-2020		488,40
	R-540 Building the basis for impementing the "Save and Grow" Approch Reginal strategies on sustainable and climate resilient intensification of cropping		700,00
	systems		
	R -581 Consumer Preference Different Rice Varieties in Sri Lanka	542,635	1,994,85
	SC- 01/2022 Development of Universal whether Index Insurance Portal for	0	249,43
	scaling Bundled solutions in Sri Lanka	2 0 10 6 36	£37 A
	SC - 02/2022 Data Collection for the market functionality index (WFP)	2,040,635	537,40
	PR 586 Funded wfp Recent Policy Changes of Import of Fertilizers and Other	1,946,835	623,88
	Agrochemicals: Effects on Agricultural Production and Farming Households		
	Agrochemicals: Effects on Agricultural Production and Farming Households T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla		27,88
	T-442 Marketing Information involved in agro products -Badulla		
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Monaragalla	721.032	
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Baduila T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Monaragalla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine	721,032	
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Monaragalla	721,032 2,653,938	
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro-products -Monaragalla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R 587 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of		
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Monaragalla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R 587 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Small and Medium Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain	2,653,918	
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla Media 02/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Small and Medium Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka	2,653,918	
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Baduila T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Monaragalia Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R SS7 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Small and Medium Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka SC 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality Index (MFI)	2,653,918	
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Monaragalla Media 03/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R 587 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Medium Scale Agri Produces Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka Sc01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality Index (MFI) R 588 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL)	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017	
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Medium Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka Sc 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality Index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan	2,653,918	
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R-587 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Small and Medium Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka Sc 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality Index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122	
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Monaragalla Media 01/2023 'GOVIMINA'' Newspaper and the 'GOVIMINA' Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Small and Mediaum Scale Agrive yfor the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Structure in Sri Lanka Sco 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks T 452 Organizing Workshops, Developing Training Materials and Tools and	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017	
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Small and Medium Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka Sc 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality Index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated F-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks T 452 Organizing Workshops, Developing Training Materials and Tools and Conducting Training Porgrams	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122	
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R-587 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Small and Medium Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka Sc 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality Index (MFI) R-588 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R-599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks T 452 Organizing Workshops, Developing Training Materials and Tools and Conducting Training Programs T 456	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122	58,10
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla Media 03/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Mediam Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka SC 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality Index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks T 452 Organizing Workshops, Developing Training Materials and Tools and Conducting Training Programs T-450 Training programme on use of market information in agri business	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122	58,10
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Small and Medium Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka Sc 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated F-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks T 452 Organizing Workshops, Developing Training Materials and Tools and Conducting Programs T 456 T-450 Training programme on use of market information in agri business managementNuwaraeliya	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122	58,10
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Monaragalla Media 03/2023 'GOVIMINA'' Newspaper and the 'GOVIMINA' Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Mediaum Scale Agri Produces' Privough Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka Sco 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality Index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (PMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks T 452 Organizing Workshops, Developing Training Materials and Tools and Conducting Training Programme on use of market information in agri business management - Nuwarageliya	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122	27,84 58,10 58,21 58,21 71,60
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Small and Medium Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka Sc 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated F-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks T 452 Organizing Workshops, Developing Training Materials and Tools and Conducting Programs T 456 T-450 Training programme on use of market information in agri business managementNuwaraeliya	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122	58,10
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Small and Medium Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka SC 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality Index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks T 452 Organizity Workshop, Developing Training Materials and Tools and <u>Conducting Training Programme on use of market information in agri business management - Nutrie </u>	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440	58,10 58,21 71,60
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R 587 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Small and Medium Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka Sc 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality index (MFI) R 588 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks. T 452 Organizing Workshops, Developing Training Materials and Tools and Conducting Programme on use of market information in agri business management - Nutale Employee benefits	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 	58,10 58,21 71,60 24,244,46
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Monaragalla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Mediaum Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka SC 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks T 452 Organizing Workshops, Developing Training Materials and Tools and Conducting Training Programs T 450 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Nuwarabiliya T-451 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Matale Employee benefits Balance as at January 01,	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 - - - 28,959,096 58,189,008	58,10 58,21 71,66 24,244,46 61,196,12
1	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Mediam Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka SC 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 597 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Mutates T-451 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Matate Employee benefits Balance as at January 01, <td>2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 </td> <td>58,10 58,21 71,60 24,244,46 61,196,12 (8,073,47</td>	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 	58,10 58,21 71,60 24,244,46 61,196,12 (8,073,47
1	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Medium Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka S C01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks T 452 Organizing Workshops, Developing Training Materials and Tools and Conducting Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Nuwargeliya T 453 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Matale Employee benefits 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 4 4 5 5 4 5 <t< td=""><td>2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 28,959,096 58,189,008 (7,558,190) 4,377,657</td><td>58,10 58,21 71,60 24,244,46 61,196,12 (8,073,41 5,066,34</td></t<>	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 28,959,096 58,189,008 (7,558,190) 4,377,657	58,10 58,21 71,60 24,244,46 61,196,12 (8,073,41 5,066,34
1	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Mediam Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka SC 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 597 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Mutates T-451 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Matate Employee benefits Balance as at January 01, <td>2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 </td> <td>58,10 58,21 71,60 24,244,46 61,196,12 (8,073,41 5,066,34</td>	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 	58,10 58,21 71,60 24,244,46 61,196,12 (8,073,41 5,066,34
1	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Medium Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka S C01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks T 452 Organizing Workshops, Developing Training Materials and Tools and Conducting Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Nuwargeliya T 453 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Matale Employee benefits 2 Balance as at January 01, Payments during theyar Provision for the year Provision for the year Balance as at December 31,	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 28,959,096 58,189,008 (7,558,190) 4,377,657	58,10 58,21 71,60 24,244,46 61,196,12 (8,073,41 5,066,34
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Monaragalla Media 01/2023 'GOVIMINA'' Newspaper and the 'GOVIMINA' Magazine R S57 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Mediaum Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka SC 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality index (MFI) R S58 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks T 452 Organizing Workshops, Developing Training Materials and Tools and Conducting Training Programs T 450 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Nuwarabilia T-451 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Matale Employee benefits Balance as at January 03, Payaments during the year Provision for the year Provision for the year Provision for the year Sovernment Grant - Capital	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 	58,10 58,21 71,60 24,244,40 61,196,11 (8,073,41 5,066,33 58,189,00
1	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Mediam Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka SC 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 591 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension for the Value Sector Sec	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 28,959,096 58,189,008 (7,558,190) 4,377,657 55,008,475 31,195,361	58,10 58,22 71,60 61,196,11 (8,073,41 5,066,34 58,189,00 34,582,10
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Mediam Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka SC 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality Index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S91 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Training Materials and Tools and Conducting Training Programme on use of market Information in agri business	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 28,959,096 58,189,008 (7,558,190) 4,377,657 55,008,475 31,195,361 18,334,000	58,10 58,21 71,66 24,244,40 61,196,11 (5,073,41 5,066,33 58,189,00 34,582,11 14,000,00
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Mediam Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka SC 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 591 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension for the Value Sector Sec	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 28,959,096 58,189,008 (7,558,190) 4,377,657 55,008,475 31,195,361 18,334,000 (15,990,000)	58,10 58,20 71,60 61,196,12 5,066,33 58,189,00 58,189,00 58,189,00 58,189,00 58,189,00 58,189,00 58,189,00 58,189,00 58,100 58,1000 58,1000000000000000000000000000000000000
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Mediam Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka SC 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality Index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S91 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Training Materials and Tools and Conducting Training Programme on use of market Information in agri business	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 28,959,096 58,189,008 (7,558,190) 4,377,657 55,008,475 31,195,361 18,334,000	58,11 58,2 71,6 61,196,12 (8,073,4 5,066,3 58,189,00 58,189,00 34,582,11 14,000,0 12,827,8
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Monaragalla Media 03/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S57 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Mediaum Scale Agri Produces" Provide Strangthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka SC 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality Index (MFI) R S58 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (PMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (PMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (PMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (PMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (PMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (PMM/GLO/MUL) R S90 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Nuwarageliya T-451 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Matale Employee benefits Balance as at Janua	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 28,959,096 58,189,008 (7,558,190) 4,377,657 55,008,475 31,195,361 18,334,000 (15,990,000)	58,1 58,2 71,6 24,244,4 61,196,1 (8,073,4 5,066,3 58,189,0 34,582,1 14,000,0 (12,227,8 (4,558,8
	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Monaragalla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Media Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka SC 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks T 452 Organizing Workshops, Developing Training Materials and Tools and Conducting Training Programs T 450 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Nuwaraeliya T-451 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Matale Employee benefits Balance as at Lanuary 01, Payments during the year Provision for the year Balance as at Lanuary 01, Capital Contribution During the year Capital Contribution During the year Capital Contribution During the year	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 	58,11 58,21 58,22 71,66 61,196,11 (8,073,4 5,066,3 58,189,00 34,582,11 14,000,00 (12,827,84 (4,558,8
1	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Monaragalla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Mediam Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka SC 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 597 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Mutavaraditya T-450 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Matale Employee benefits Balance as at Janua	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 28,959,096 58,189,008 (7,558,190) 4,377,657 55,008,475 31,195,361 18,334,000 (15,990,000) (4,640,694) 28,908,768	58,11 58,2 71,60 61,196,1 (8,073,4 5,066,3 5 6,189,00 34,582,1 14,000,0 (12,827,80 (4,555,8) 31,195,3
1	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Monaragalla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Media Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka SC 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks T 452 Organizing Workshops, Developing Training Materials and Tools and Conducting Training Programs T 450 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Nuwaraeliya T-451 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Matale Employee benefits Balance as at Lanuary 01, Payments during the year Provision for the year Balance as at Lanuary 01, Capital Contribution During the year Capital Contribution During the year Capital Contribution During the year	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 	58,11 58,2 71,60 61,196,11 (8,073,4 5,066,3,3 5 8,189,00 34,582,11 14,0000,(12,827,87 (4,555,8,8 31,195,3 31,195,3
1	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Monaragalla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Mediam Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka SC 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 597 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Mutavaraditya T-450 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Matale Employee benefits Balance as at Janua	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 	58,11 58,21 58,22 71,66 61,196,11 (8,073,4 5,066,3 58,189,00 34,582,11 14,000,00 (12,822,8 34,582,8 34,558,8 31,195,3 31,195,30 1,701,9
1	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Monaragalla Media 03/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S57 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Media Science (MIR) Sci 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality index (MIF) R S58 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S450 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Nuwaraeliva T-451 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Nuwaraeliva Employee benefits Salance as at January 01, Payments during the year Provision for the year Balance as at January 01, Capital Grant received f	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 28,959,096 58,189,008 (7,558,190) 4,377,657 55,008,475 31,195,361 18,334,000 (15,990,000) (4,640,694) 28,908,768 1,675,000	58,11 58,21 58,22 71,66 61,196,11 (8,073,4 5,066,3 58,189,00 34,582,11 14,000,00 (12,822,8 34,582,8 34,558,8 31,195,3 31,195,30 1,701,9
1	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Monaragalla Media 01/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S87 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Mediam Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka SC 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality Index (MFI) R S88 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 599 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 509 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 509 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R 509 Taining programme on use of market information in agri business management - Mutale Employee benefits Balance as at Locember 31, Government Grant - Capital Balance as at December 31, <td>2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 </td> <td>58,14 58,24 71,64 61,196,11 (8,073,41 5,066,34 58,189,00 34,582,11 14,000,00 (12,827,84 34,582,83 14,558,88 31,195,34 1,675,00 1,701,91</td>	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 	58,14 58,24 71,64 61,196,11 (8,073,41 5,066,34 58,189,00 34,582,11 14,000,00 (12,827,84 34,582,83 14,558,88 31,195,34 1,675,00 1,701,91
1	T-442 Marketing information involved in agro products -Badulla T-444 Marketing information involved in agro products -Monaragalla Media 03/2023 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine R S57 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Smail and Media Science (MIR) Sci 01/2023 Data Collection for the Market Functionality index (MIF) R S58 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S99 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) R S450 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Nuwaraeliva T-451 Training programme on use of market information in agri business management - Nuwaraeliva Employee benefits Salance as at January 01, Payments during the year Provision for the year Balance as at January 01, Capital Grant received f	2,653,918 3,224,750 1,987,017 146,122 230,440 	58,10 58,21 71,60

Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research & Training Institute Notes to the Statements for the year ended 31 December 2023

			LKR
	Accumulated deficits	2023	2022
16	Balance as at January 01,	(2,534,012)	(8,042,573)
10	Prior year adjustment	899,895	116,939
	Prior year adjustment - for the year		
	Expenditure over income as at December 31,	16,128,359	5,391,622
	Balance as at December 31,	14,494,242	(2,534,011)

Transport Facilities for funded project	50,326,537	23,809,386
	10,385,054	
Govimina Publication		2,932,525
Tender Fees	9,000	23,000
Sales of Note Books & Bags	2,725	
Mobitel Income	147,150	131,051
50th Anniversary Income		89,925
Admin Cost	5,784,745	
Advertising Income		294,260
Differ Income Supplier's Registration Unidentified	128,000	
	5,655,619	4,787,504
Other income	149,605	57,623
Manpower Income	27,543	
Bungalow fees and room rent	225,789	270,058
Recurrent contribution from projects	465,731	783,151
Interest on staff loan	967,613	1,026,891
Interest on investments	375,542	271,100
Sales of publications	44,740	156,780
Conference hall charges	10,655,800	5,176,275
Hostel charges	15,301,880	7,809,244

Wages, salaries and employee benefits

	144,467,293	162,775,856
Gratuity	4,377,658	5,066,363
Overtime	3,329,890	2,724,698
ETF	2,977,490	3,387,937
EPF	14,920,770	16,969,691
Cost of Living Allowance, Special Allowance & other	31,532,911	35,588,790
Salary - Investigators	10,995,020	13,992,273
Salary -Permanent staff	76,333,555	85,076,103



Other expenses		2023	2022	
		6 722 500	2 912 070	
	& Local transport	6,723,599 175,608	2,813,979	
Foreign Travel All		2,184,317	1,866,855	
Stationery and of Fuel and lubrican		2,284,337	1,986,646	
Uniforms	3	251,702	616,014	
Vehicle repairs		2,712,797	1,689,884	
Maintenance of B	uilding	978,748	1,167,050	
	ind equipment repairs	2,809,556	3,061,051	
Telephone charge		3,101,855	4,241,254	
Electricity		6,633,572	3,243,284	
Water bills		1,052,192	1,018,994	
Taxes to local aut	horities	566,928	579,456	
Postal charges		351,900	168,905	
Transport		1,161,759	734,370	
Legal Activities or	Defaulters		1,000	
Technical Advice		75,000	30,000	
Technical Advice		15,000	30,000	
Newspapers		55,870	92,850	
License and insur	ance	292,140	1,607,743	
Security charges		4,318,856	4,583,635	
Cleaning services		1,297,673	1,108,971	
Laundry services		389,995	234,555	
Audit fees		800,000	840,000	
Medical Insurance	2	781,600	874,500	
Canteen charges		966,757	257,403	
Miscellaneous ex	penses - Others	187,757	46,765	
Legal charges		50,000	700	
Welfare				
Advertisement		151,685	707,230	
Interview charges		14,520	4,125	
Board of governo	rs	437,255	498,290	
Printing & Publica	tion	931,374	364,871	
Entertainment		13,073	29,593	
Dissemination of	information	251,729	1,079,672	
Cost of Sales - Pu	blications	54,169	155,670	
Withholding Tax		23,887	*	
Audit & Mgt Com		126,275	128,235	
Staff Developmen		841,740	139,762	
EB Examination F				
Workmen's Com	pensation		107.001	
Translation Fees		88,965	107,904	
	for Equipment & Others		37,500	
Loss on printed b	ooks			
Stock shortage			16 222	
Scrap Item Dispo	501	255.03	16,333 72,250	
Data Purchasing	*ia-	60,375	2,326,094	
Govimina Publica	tion		2,520,094	
contra Ealani control		243		
Salary control	other Davisions	(1)		
Printing works to				
	es for Other Divisions	54,086		
Writt off Expend	5	7,047		
	other Division 1905-17	1,047		
Damage Stock	111111111111111111111111111111111111111			

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Research and Training Activities - Treas	sany Fund 2023
Research and training Activities - frea	Sary Fund 2020
T 460	584,151
Research Forum 2023	260,525
Monitoring Research	166,131
WS 01/2023	104,116
T 461	742,848
R 589	1,158,907
R 591	1,585,424
R 593	1,208,272
Meadia 03/2023	1,522,127
R 590	1,708,858
T 462	568,812
R 592	805,021
R 594	528,579
ES 01/2023	723,094
T 463	556,605
WS 02/2023	53,240
R 595	1,141,608
R 596	1,709,312
Meadia 02/2023	353,262
R 598	1,176,570
T 464	239,958
T 466	699,137
T 467	529,144
WS 03/2023	20,249
Institute Publication	165,687
T 465	625,103
PR 600	186,716
WS 04/2023	240,246
WS 05/2023	11,768
WS 06/2023	228,830
Publication 01/2023	41,078
	19,645,376

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2023 Project Name Effects of Rising Food Prices on Household Food	Amount	1
		Funded Agancy
Security in Sri Lanka	880,634	WFP
Recent Policy Changes of Import of Fertilizers and Other Agrochemicals: Effects on Agricultural Production and Farming Households	27,226	WFP
Organizing Workshops, Developing Training Materials and Tools and Conducting Training Programs	2,187,905	FAO
Climate-Adapted Farming Practices and Climate Adaptation of Vulnerable Groups in the Dry Zone of Sri Lanka	8,624,197	World Vision
Data Collection for the Market Functionality Index - 2022	1,796,123	WFP
Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Small and Medium Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka	4,158,453	JICA
Data Collection for the Market Functionality Index (MFI)	4,804,090	WFP
Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL)	5,132,020	FAO
An Assessment of Post-Harvest Losses of Maize In Anuradhapura District "SSTC Pilot Project Phase IV"	1,924,467	Ministry of Agriculture
Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks	24,930,698	FAO
"GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" Magazine	3,599,518	DevPro
	Other Agrochemicals: Effects on Agricultural Production and Farming Households Organizing Workshops, Developing Training Materials and Tools and Conducting Training Programs Climate-Adapted Farming Practices and Climate Adaptation of Vulnerable Groups in the Dry Zone of Sri Lanka Data Collection for the Market Functionality Index- 2022 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Small and Medium Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka Data Collection for the Market Functionality Index (MFI) Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lanka Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) An Assessment of Post-Harvest Losses of Maize in Anuradhapura District "SSTC Pilot Project Phase IV" Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks Cleveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks	Other Agrochemicals: Effects on Agricultural Production and Farming Households 27,226 Organizing Workshops, Developing Training Materials and Tools and Conducting Training Programs 2,187,905 Climate-Adapted Farming Practices and Climate Adaptation of Vulnerable Groups in the Dry Zone of Sri Lanka 8,624,197 Data Collection for the Market Functionality Index- 2022 1,796,123 Value Chain Analysis Survey for the Project for Livelihood Enhancement of Small and Medium Scale Agri Producers Through Strengthening Supply Chain Structure in Sri Lanka 4,158,453 Data Collection for the Market Functionality Index (MFI) 4,804,090 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks (FMM/GLO/MUL) 5,132,020 An Assessment of Post-Harvest Losses of Maize In Anuradhapura District "SSTC Pilot Project Phase IV" 1,924,467 Leveraging the Integrated E-Extension Services to Minimize the Sri Lankan Agricultural Sector Vulnerability to Climate Shocks 24,930,698 "GOVIMINA" Newspaper and the "GOVIMINA" 24,930,698

3.2 Audit Observation

Chairman,

Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research and Training Institute.

Report of the Auditor General on the Financial Statements and Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of the Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research and Training Institute for the year ended 31December 2023 in terms of Section 12 of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018.

1. Financial Statements

1.1 Conditional Opinion

The audit of the financial statements of the Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research and Training Institute for the year ended 31 December 2023 comprising the statement of financial position, statement of financial performance, statement of changes in equity and as at 31 December 2023 and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, was carried out under my direction in pursuance of provisions in Article 154(1) of the Constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka read in conjunction with provisions of the National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018 and Finance Act No. 38 of 1971.My report to Parliament in pursuance of provisions in Article 154 (6) of the Constitution will be tabled in due course.

In my opinion, the Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research and Training Institute as at 31 December 2023 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting Standards give a true and fair condition except for the impact of the facts described in the section of the basis for conditional opinion.

1.2 Basis for Conditional Opinion

- (a) Assets worth of Rs. 1,804,500 purchased contrary to the paragraph 69 of Lanka Auditing Standard No 07 and the depreciation expenditure of Rs. 302,350 was not brought in the accounts of the year under review.
- (b) Even though 20 vehicles which were completely depreciated with a cost of Rs.71,753,647 were being used by the institution, it had not been disclosed in accounts as per the paragraph 92 (a) of Sri Lanka Public Sector Auditing Standard No 07.

- (c) Without taking steps to adjust a sum of Rs. 4, 298,900 received as grants in the year under review and a balance of Rs. 32,387,814 of the grants received in preceding years as revenue had been brought into accounts as capital reserves as per Sri Lanka Public Sector Auditing Standard No 11.
- (d) Even though the acquisition of fixed assets under investment activities in the Cash Flow Statement was Rs. 4,594,039 it had been shown in excess of Rs.458,799 as Rs.4, 135,240.
- (e) Even though the difference of the balance of receivables was Rs.5,604,410, as this difference of the balance of receivables had been calculated after adjusting of provisions for doubtful debts and shown as Rs.4,820,600 in Cash Flow Statement, working capital had been exceeded by Rs. 782,510.
- (f) Non moveable assets worth of Rs.136,687 purchased in the year under review had been brought in accounts as repairing expenditure of machinery.
- (g) Comprehensive schedules for furniture and office equipment worth of Rs.27,607,208 and computer equipment worth of Rs.34,413,533 and for buildings worth of 49,701,404 had not been forwarded for audit.
- (h) A sum of Rs. 4,256,574 paid as the Salary and allowances to the senior research officer of this institution who was appointed for the post of Vice Chairman of the Paddy Marketing Board for the period of 07th February 2020 to November 2022 had not been shown in Financial Statements as a receivable from the Paddy Marketing Board.

I conducted my audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards (SLAuSs). My responsibilities, under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified opinion.

1.3 Other information included in the Annual Report 2023 of the Institution

The information which I obtained prior to the date of this audit report and not included in the financial statements and my audit report but included in the Annual Report 2023 of the Institution is intended as "other information". The management should be responsible for such "other information".

In my opinion on the financial statement, any other information is not covered and I am not expressing any pinion or any assurance on that matter.

My responsibility on the financial statements in my audit is to read the above mentioned identified information as and when received and to consider whether it is not in accordance with the financial statements quantitatively or with my knowledge obtained in the audit or any other way.

Based on the information which I obtained prior to the date of this audit report and tasks performed by me, if I conclude there are quantitative errors shown in this other information, such matters should communicate to the controlling parties for the corrections. I have nothing to communicate this regard.

1.4 Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting Standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Institute's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Institute or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Institute's financial reporting process.

As per Sub-section 16(1) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018, the Institute is required to maintain proper books and records of all its income, expenditure, assets and liabilities, to enable annual and periodic financial statements to be prepared of the Institute.

1.5 Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Financial Statements

My objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentation or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Institute's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness
 of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material

uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Institute's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Institute to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control I have identified during my audit.

2. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 2.1. Special provisions have been set out in the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018, with respect of the following requirements.
- 2.1.1 Except for the impact of the facts described in the section of the basis for conditional Opinion in my report, all the details and explanations required for the audit were obtained by myself as per the requirement of section 12 (a) of the National Audit Act, No.19 of 2018, and as observed through my examination the institution had maintained due financial records.
- 2.1.2 The financial statements presented is consistent with the preceding year as per the requirement of section 6 (1) (d) (iii) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018.
- 2.1.3 Recommendations made by me in the previous year as per the requirement of section 6 (1) (d) (iv) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018, have been included in the financial statements presented.
- 2.2 Based on the procedures performed and evidence obtained, my observations were limited to matters that are material and nothing has come to my attention to state;

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- 2.2.1 That any member of the governing body of the Institute has any direct or indirect interest in any contract entered into by the Institute out of the normal cause of business as per the requirement of section 12 (d) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018.
- 2.2.2 to state that the Institute has not complied with any applicable written law, general and special directions issued by the governing body of the Institute as per the requirement of section 12 (f) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018 except for the following observations.

Reference to Laws, Rules, Regulations etc.	Non-compliance
(a) Financial Regulation 104 (2) (b) of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka.	The bio gas unit which was established in the year 2011, incurring a cost of Rs.1, 067,150 had been dis-function from the year 2016. Even though it had been concluded in the relevant investigation report, that the then Director had purchased and installed spare parts required for the project violating the standard tender procedure and acted with other officers in a disruptive manner, steps had not been taken to recover the said losses from the responsible officers.
(b) Establishment Code of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka. (i)Section 2.2 of Chapter IX	A percentage of 25% of the payments made for officers for work done within office hours using the training obtained from public service, shall be credited to the Consolidated Fund. However such contribution amounting to a s sum of Rs. 926, 943 out of the total amount of Rs.3,707,770 paid for 38 officers from 2017 to 2022 has not been deposited to the said Fund.
(ii) Section 6.3. of Chapter XIX	Even though it had been informed in the report of the investigation under F.R 104, that the registrar's giving of the rooms of his official residence to private parties contrary to the provisions of the Establishment Code should be reported to the Board of Directors and act as per their recommendations, actions had not been taken accordingly.

- 2.2.3. That the Institute has not performed according to its powers, functions and duties as per the requirement of section 12 (g) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018.
- 2.2.4 That the resources of the Institute had not been procured and utilized economically, efficiently and effectively within the time frames and in compliance with the applicable laws as per the requirement of section 12 (h) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018.

2.3 Other matters

- (a) A sum of Rs.5, 272,016 that should have been recovered from an officer relinquished the service of the institution in August 2021 had not been recovered.
- (b) Steps had not been taken to recover an amount of Rs.12, 63,448, out of the total amount of Rs.17, 965,464 of foreign scholarship debtors' balance, and a sum of Rs. 2,192,602 of the other debtors' balance of Rs.24, 387, 625; and it was further observed that steps had not been taken to pay a sum Rs.2,365, 048 out of the account balance of Rs. 28,959,096 to be paid over a period more than five years.
- (c) Even though it had been informed through the report of the committee appointed to identify the books to be disposed from the main stores, that 12,475 books worth of Rs.2,191,598 shall be so removed, necessary steps for disposal had not been taken and those books were being deteriorated due to the damages of insects even as at 31st of December 2023.

W.P.C Wickramarathne Auditor General.

3.3 Audit Answers

Fin/Aud/Qry/2023

11-06-2024

Report of the Auditor General on the Financial Statements and Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of the Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research and Training Institute for the year ended 31st December 2023 in terms of Section 12 of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018

1.1 Opinion

1.2 Basis for Opinion

(a) Accepted
 Purchasing related to the year has been has been entered in accounts and I will take steps to rectify the depreciations.

(b) Accepted In accordance with the paragraph 92 (b) of Sri Lanka Accounting Standards No 07, I will take steps to disclose these information through financial statements in due course.

- (c) Has been entered in the Capital Accounts of the year 2023 in accordance with LKAS 20. However I will take steps to enter in accounts as per Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting Standard No. 11 in the forthcoming year.
- (d) Accepted
- (e) In future, steps will be taken to remove the impact of provision of doubtful debts from the working capital and these provision of doubtful debts will be disclose as a contingent liability.
- (f) Accepted

Schedules of Fixed assets which are being maintained were forwarded for auditing and steps will be taken to qualify these assets and bring again the qualified values in to accounts and update schedules.

(h) Mr Duminda Priyadarshana who serves at this institution had been attached to the Paddy Marketing Board from 07/02/2020 to November 2022. He had been released on the basis of 50% for the period from 20/07/2020 to 24/01/2021 and 90% for the period from 25/01/2021 to 20/11/2022. Steps will be taken to inform the Paddy Marketing to reimburse these sums. Further, necessary actions are being taken to reimburse the salary and other allowances paid for the period of 21/11/2021 to 30/11/2023.

- 2.2.2. Reference rules and regulations / order
- (a) The relevant F.R. 104 investigation had been conducted and its report is to be forwarded to the audit management committee and based on its recommendations, it will forwarded to the Board of governors and the decision of the Board will be implemented.
- (b) Section 2.2 of Chapter IX

This payment had been made as per the Paragraph 7.2 of Section II of the Public Finance Circular No. 01/2020.

(ii) Section 6.3 of the Chapter XIX

Necessary disciplinary actions have been taken in this regard in accordance with the instructions of the Audit Committee.

- 2.3 Other matters
- (a) In order to recover a sum of Rs. 5,272,016/= from a officer who quitted the service at the institution in August 2021, arrangements are being made with the assistance of the Auditor General's Department for recover a sum of Rs. 5,272,016/=
- (b) With the assistance of the Auditor General's Department, steps are being taken to recover a sum of Rs. 12,693,448/= from 06 foreign scholarship debtors and out of these 06 debtors, three of them have received decrees and reached settlements. Therefore, recovery procedures are in force for them, as it had been difficult to trace the addresses of the other three debtors, continuing legal proceedings against them has been difficult. However attempts for finding these debtors through their friends and relatives to recover these loans have been initiated in 2023 and still in progress. Current situation of these debtors is as follows.

1. Mrs. Ranjani Athukorala :

A sum of Rs.1,250,000/= has been recovered from the guarantors. To recover the balance of Rs. 931,521/=, We have met the sister of Mrs. Ranjani and discussed the matter with her.

2. Mr. P.D.J. Ananada :

A sum of Rs.1,250,000/= has been recovered from the guarantors. Measures are being taken to recover the balance of Rs. 2,759,754.28/= through one of his associates.

3. Mr. M.S. Gauri Shankar:

A sum of Rs. 1,250,000/= has been recovered from the guarantors. Measures are being taken to recover the balance of Rs. 3,654,110/67 through one of his associates.

4. Mr. P.D.R. Kumarasiri :

Based on the settlements made in 2023 with the relevant two guarantors Mr. M.G.H.Rassak and Mr. S.M.K. Nandarathna, Mr. Rassak made a cash payment of ½ share of the due amount on proportion basis and Mr. S.M.K.Nandarathna has agreed to pay the balance of Rs. 166,866.98 and forwarded a proposal of payment to the Board of Directors. Further actions will be taken in accordance with the decision of the Board of Directors.

5. Dr. G. Wickramasinghe :

Though the decree of the case had been granted in favour of the institution, taking legal proceedings for the recovery of the due amount from him seems to be rather slow. Meanwhile, without reaching a proper settlement, Mr.Wickramasinghe pays a sum of Rs. 15,000 - 6000 to the institution every month. Accordingly, as at the end of May, a sum of Rs. 4,404,878.10 is yet to be recovered from him.

6. Mrs A.C.K. Sepala :

Upon the settlement of the case, a sum of Rs. 900,000 has been paid. Due to the omission of paying the balance of Rs. 300,000, reminders have been sent to her.

c.) Debtors' Loan balances pending recovery over a period of more than 05 years.

1.Hostel income	5113.75
2.Auditorium income	10,875.00
3.Balance to be received from Mobitel telecommunication Ltd	18,980.14
4.From the Ministry of Public Administration	44,800.00
5.From the employees who left the institution	150,217.26
6.From Divisional Secretariat at Dambulla	1,962,545.66
	2,192,601.81

Steps to recover the due amount from Mobitel (Pvt) Ltd, mentioned under No. 3, have been already initiated and Mobitel (Pvt) Ltd has agreed to make the payment as soon as possible. In last year, a part of the this balance had been recovered. At the meeting of the Board of the Governors held on 29.02.2024, it had been approved to write off the amounts due from the Ministry of Public Administration and Divisional Secretariat at

Dambulla. Once the minutes of the meeting of the Board of Governors confirmed, the relevant adjustments will be made.

References have been made to the Attorney General's Department for recovering the sums due from the employees who relinquished the service of the institution. Further actions will be taken upon the instructions of the Attorney General's Department. Reminders had been forwarded to the personal letters of the debtors.

d.) Creditors' Loan balance of Rs. 2,365,048.31 pending remaining over a period of more than 05 years.

1)	Creditors' Loan balance related to projects	-	679,193.19
2)	Divisional Secretariat of Dambulla	-	1,000,000.00
3)	To be paid to Mr. Narayanasami	-	17,000.00
4)	Gratuity to be paid	-	126,912.50
5)	Creditors	-	50,803.75
6)	Deposits	-	136,526.06
7)	Payments to be made to the employees relinquished the service	-	189,150.61
8)	Canteen deposit	-	50,000.00
9)	Refundable deposits	-	115,462.20
			2,365,048.31

Creditors' Loan balance of the institution remaining over a period of more than 05 years is as follows.

Creditors' Loan balance related to projects

Steps have been taken to settle the creditors' loan balance related to projects during the year 2024.

Amount of Gratuity payments to be made - Rs.126,912.50

As the amounts of Gratuity payments to be made, the arrears of the gratuity payments to be made on the Cost of Living Allowance have been calculated. Two creditors pending the gratuity are the guarantors of foreign loan scholarship debtors. Mr. H.K.S. Premalal is a debtor to the institution. So making the gratuity payment due to him had been delayed until he settles the de payment to the institution.

Value of the cancelled cheques due to expiry is Rs. 50,803.75. Not represented to recover this sum and necessary actions will be taken to adjust these sums in accounts.

Deposits

This is a sum deposited regarding the construction activities during the year 2017 of the institutions and the relevant entities have not make requests for theses sums up to now. Actions will be taken in this regard in future.

Payments to be made to the employees relinquished the service at the institution Mr. T.Ravichandran - Rs.150,015.00

Mr. Ravichandran is a guarantor of a foreign scholarship debtor of the institution. So his gratuity payment had not been paid.

Mr. N.S. Wickramarachchi - Rs.39,135.61

Though he had been informed of this payment, he has not represented to obtain it.

Mr.Upathissa Paranamana - Rs .50,000/=

This is the deposit made by the owner of the canteen and to be refunded to him.

Tender deposit Rs.112,462.50

c) A committee including a representative of the Department of Agriculture had been appointed to dispose the books in the main stores, and it has submitted a report in this regard, However, due to the inadequacy of the recommendation contained therein, taking further actions had been impossible and therefore it has been instructed to make a fresh report.

Director/ Chief Executive Officer Dr G.G. Bandula

Chapter 04 Performance indicators

Research reports

Publications Working papers

Periodicals

Newsletter 04 volumes Newspaper 05 volumes

Projects

Research Consolidated fund 11 ResearchTrainingfinancial aids (external)03

Social Media Facebook users-You tube – Uploaded videos

> Magazine – Tamil 03 Volumes

Chapter 05

Performance in meeting the Sustainable Development Goals

Achievements and Challenges in Achieving the Sustainable Development Goals

Through a revised action plan, the organization was able to reach the sustainable development goals that expected to achieve through research and training programs through strategic planning of data collection methods in the last quarter.

Sustainable	Target	Indices of achievement	Progress of achievements up to nov		nents up to now
Development Goal			0% - 49%	50%- 74%	75%-100%
	Factors effecting technical efficiency of dairy production in the dry zone of Sri Lanka.	Research report			✓
Zero poverty, end hunger in all its forms everywhere	Unveiling the Successes and Challenges of Climate-Smart Agriculture in Sri Lanka: Insights for Future Interventions	Research report			×
	Assessing the Household Food Security of Samurdhi Beneficiaries in Galle District - 2023	Research Report			~
	Cost of Production of Broiler Chicken Meat and Table Egg - 2023	Research report			✓ ✓

	An Assessment of Financial Literacy of Farmers in the Domestic Agricultural Sector in Sri	Research report		
Achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture	Processed Fruit and Vegetable Industry in Sri Lanka: Potentials, Barriers and Prospects	Research report	✓	
	Evaluation of the Effects of Economic crisis on Fruits and Vegetable Sector: Production and Marketing	Research report	✓	
	Poultry Feed Production in Sri Lanka: Effects of Economic Crisis, Response and Way forward	Research report	✓ ✓	
	An Assessment of Financial Literacy of Farmers in the Domestic Agricultural Sector in Sri Lanka	Research report	✓	
	Awareness programme on increasing household food security for communities in rural and peri-urban areas	30 programmes at 30 DS divisons in Monaragala, Killinochchi, Mulativu and N'Eliya Districts. 1394 beneficiaries trained.	✓	

	Awareness programme for women and youth farmers develop as agri- entrepreneurs	33 programs and 1286 beneficiaries Hambantota & Galle district was selected with Matale, Kurunegala & Pollonnaruwa andtrained.	
Calls for urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts	Unveiling the Successes and Challenges of Climate-Smart Agriculture in Sri Lanka: Insights for Future Interventions	Research report	
	Empowering Climate-Vulnerable Farmers: A Study Assessing the Current Status of Vulnerability	Research report	✓
	Putting Climate Smart Solutions into Action: A guide to evidence-based implementation	Research Report	✓ ✓

Chapter 06: Human Resource Profile

Status of the cadre as at 31st of December 2023					
	Status as at 31.12.2022	Terminations, resigning during the year	appointments	Status as at 31.12.202 3	
Director	1	-	-	1	
Additional Director	-	-	-	-	
Heads of the divisions	6	-	-	6	
Research staff	23	3	-	20	
Administrative staff	9	2	-	7	
Senior Library staff	2	1	-	1	
Data Development Bank	1	1	-	-	
Computer Unit	-	-	-	-	
Publication Unit	5	-	-	5	
Statistic staff	15	3	-	12	
Technical staff	3	1	-	2	
Clerical, Secretarial and similar grade staff	39	5	-	34	
Operational and similar grades	43	5	-	38	
Total	147	21		126	

Staff status as at 31st December 2023

Staff training

In the year 2023, the institute allocated Rs. 6 million from the Consolidated Fund. However, due to the economic situation in the country, the General Treasury restricted the training expenses of the year 2023. The amount spent on training during the year was Rs. 841,740.00

The training given to staff and non-staff officers is shown below.

The following research officers were engaged in post-graduate studies:

- 1. P.C.J. De Silva succesfully completed the PhD in Community Development, University of the Philippines
- 2. Indika Edirisinghe PhD in Agribusiness, University of Putra, Malaysia.
- 3. Dinusha Ratnayake Post Graduate Studies in Economics (Masters) University of Colombo.
- 4. Susila Lourdu succefully completed the Post Graduate Studies in Sociology (Masters) University of Sri Jayawardenepura.
- 5. R. D. W. Rajapaksa Post Graduate Studies (Masters) University of Colombo.

Participation in foreign training programs Programs/Conferences/Workshops/Conferences/Meetings etc.

1.Mr. M.A.C.S. Bandara (Senior Research Officer) and Ms. U.D.R. Udari (Research Officer) – Invitation for Modern Agricultural Technology Talent Training on 20th to 28th Sept. 2023 Honghe University, Mengzi Yunnan Province at China.

2.Dr. N.P.G. Samantha (Addl/Director) and Ms. M.D.D. Perea (Research Officer) – Oral Presentation at the delivering for Nutrition in South Asia 2023: Equity and inclusion conference 1st November 2023 to 2nd November 2023 at Kathmandu Nepal.

3.Ms. R.M.D.H. Rathnayaka (Research Officer) – CIRDAP-BRAD 2nd Flagship Training Programme on Regional Integrated Rural Development Governance, Trade and Sustainable Development for Asia and Pacific 3rd November to 27th November 2023 at Bangladesh.

4.Ms. M.D.D. Perera (Research Officer) – Specialized Training Programme on Select WTO Issues, Agriculture, Services TRIPS and RTA 4th December 2023 to 13th December at India.

Participation in local training programs

1.Mr. M.A.C.S. Bandara (Senior Research Officer) and Mr. H.J.C. Jayasooriya (Research Officer) attend a Training Programme on "Building technical capacity of institutions to implement the 2050 Carbon Net Zero Road Map and Strategic Plan for Sri Lanka Agriculture Sector" held on 12th January 2023 from 9.00 am to 4.00 pm at level 3, Hilton Colombo Residences (JICA Hilton), Colombo.

2.Dr. N.P.G. Samantha (Addl/Director –Cover-up) attend a 4th International Conference on Agriculture, Food Security and Safety 2023 on 14-15 July Hybrid mode at Colombo.

3.Dr. N.P.G. Samantha attend the FRESH Collaborative Needs Assessment workshop will be held on 24th May 2023 from 9.30 am to 1.00 pm at Renuka City Hotel, Colombo 03.

4.Ms. H.M.T.G. L Herat (Librarian) and Ms. Thathsarani Kanchanamal (Assistant Librarian) attend Online Training workshop on JAVA/CDS/ISIS Open-Source Digital Library 19th and 20th October 2023 from 9.00 to 4.00 p.m. Organized by National Science Foundation.

Chapter 07 Compliance Report

Requirementthat should be considered	Status of compliance Comply with / incompliance with)	brief explanation in case of non- compliance	Correctiv e measures to prevent future incidents of non- complian ce
1. Submission of Financial Statements			
1.1 Having forwarded the Financial Statements for the reviewed year on due date.	\checkmark		
2. Responding the Auditing			
2.1 Answers for audit queries having being forwarded on the date prescribed by the Auditor General.			
2.2 Mistakes pointed out in the audit paragraphs issued in previous years by the Auditor General, having being rectified.	\checkmark		
3. Planning	L		
3.1 Annual Action Plan of the institution having being prepared.			
3.2 Approval for the Action plan for the year under review being obtained on due date.			
3.3 Having obtained the Approval for the budget of the year under review on due date.			
3.4 Having obtained the approval for the Annual Procurement plan on due date.			
4. Control of charges			
4.1 Having assessed the properties on which charges are applied, once in every five years.			Steps are being taken to conduct assessmen ts
4.2 Having a 70% percentage of the billed value of income being collected for the reviewed year within the same.	\checkmark		

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4.2 Having issued the manual to measure the		
4.3 Having issued the warrants to recover the arrears charges.	Not applicable	
5. Control of rents	Not applicable	
5.1 Having all the properties rented out annually		
(Meat stalls/ fish stalls/ public fair premises)	Not applicable	
being rented out within the reviewed year.	Not applicable	
being renied out within the reviewed year.		
5.2 Having entered into agreements in respect of all	Not applicable	
properties rented out annually	Not applicable	
5.3 Having charged the rental payments duly from	Not applicable	
the annually rented out properties.	Not applicable	
the annuary reneed out properties.		
5.4 Having initiated legal actions to recover the due	Not applicable	
arrears payments.	rior application	
5.5 Having rented out the properties which were to	Not applicable	
be rented out on long term basis (Public market	riot application	
stalls)		
5.6 Having entered into agreements in respect of all	Not applicable	
properties which were to be rented out on long		
term basis.		
6. Administration of Business taxes and Trade lie	censes	
6.1 Having conducted a survey to collect business	Not applicable	
taxes and trade license fees.		
6.2 Cases having being filed against the business	Not applicable	
premises which has not obtained license.		
7. Audit and Management Committees		-
7.1 Having conducted 04 sessions of Audit and		
Management Committees within the relevant year,		
at least.	\checkmark	
8. Bank Accounts Management		
8.1 Keeping banking reconciliation statements		
ready for auditing having prepared and		
certified them on due dates.		
8.2 Dormant bank accounts from the reviewed		
year or earlier years having being settled.		
8.3 Actions being taken regarding balances		
disclosed by bank reconciliation statements		
and that should have been planned, in		
accordance with the Financial Regulations and		
having settled such balances within a period of		
one month.		
9. Assets Management	r	1
9.1 All asses having being documented.		
9.2 Ensuring the safety of all assets.	\checkmark	
9.3 Having acquired all the assets.		
9.4 Board of Survey has been conducted as per		
Public Finance Circular No. 01/2020 and the		
relevant reports have been forwarded to		
Auditor General on due date.		
9.5 Having implemented the recommendations		
within the time period prescribed in the		
Circular regarding the surpluses, deficiencies		

and other facts revealed through the Board of Survey.		
9.6 Disposal of the condemned goods as per F.R. 772		Branch is taking actions for disposal
10. Management of Vehicles	-	
10.1 Having prepared Daily Running Charts and Monthly summarized reports for vehicles in the pool and forwarded to Auditor General.		
10.2 Vehicles being disposed within a period less than 06 months following the condemnation.		Actions of disposals are to be taken.
10.3 Maintenance and updating of Vehicle log books.		
10.4 In respect of all vehicle accidents, the fuel consumption of such vehicles being re inspected as per the regulation number 103, 104,109 and 110 of Financial Regulations.		
 10.5 Having re inspected the fuel consumption of vehicles as per the provisions of Paragraph No. 3.1 of the P.A. Circular No. 2016/30 of 29.12.2016. 	\checkmark	
10.6 A Vehicle Repair Registry with updates being maintained in the institution.	\checkmark	
10.7 A registry of Institutional use of fuel being maintained.		
11. Staff Management	1	
11.1 Staff having being recruited and paid within the limits of the approved cadre.	\checkmark	
Duty lists in writing having been assigned to all members of the staff.	\checkmark	
11.2 All reports having being forwarded to the Management Services Department as per the MSD Circular No. 04/2027 of 20.09.2017	\checkmark	
12. Maintenance of books and documents with lat	est updates	· · ·
12.1 Register of lands and buildings		
12.2 Register of Fixed Assets		
12.3 Register of Contracts	-	
12.4 Register of Audit Inquiries		
12.5 Register of Cheques and Money Orders		
12.6 Register of Inventories		
12.7 Register of Consumer Goods		
12.8 Register of damages and losses	Not applicable	
12.9 Register of counter foils	Not applicable	
12.10 Registry of Advances		
12.11 Registry of Industry / Business taxes	Not applicable	

12.12	2 Register of Debtors	1	
	Register of creditors	v	Maintaine
12.15			d on
			behalf of
			the project
13.14	Register of Tender Board decisions		
	Registry of Street lamps	Not applicable	
	Surveying book	Not applicable	
	/ Road Register	Not applicable	
	ී ඉඩම් කට්ටි බදු ලේඛනය land lot lease	Not applicable	
Regis			
	Register of Building Applications	Not applicable	
	Register of compliance assessment	Not applicable	
13.	Waste Management		
	A Waste Management plan having being		
	prepared in accordance with national policies	v	
	Collection of garbage in separation within the		
	council limits	v	
14.	Environmental Activities		Ι
14.1	No harm caused to the environment as a		
	result of irregular dumping of garbage within		
	the area.		
14.2	Measures being taken to control the	Not	
	environmental impacts caused by harmful	Applicable	
	waste materials released by the factories in		
-	the area.		
	Provisional opportunities	NT 4	
15.1	Provisos having being prepared for	Not	
	functions which so required as per Section	Applicable	
	No. 126 of the Municipal Council Pradeshiya Sabha Ordinance.		
15.2	Activities to be taken by the council with	Not	
13.2	regard to the above provisos having being	Applicable	
	mentioned in the Annual Action Plan.	Applicable	
15.3		Not	
15.5	budget to implement the said activities.	Applicable	
16.	Granting information to General Public	Applicable	
16.1	An Information Officer having being		
10.1	appointed as per the Right to Information	v	
	Act and a Registry of giving information		
	being duly maintained.		
16.2	Submission of information of the institution		
	through its web site and availing the	v l	
	opportunity for the Public to express their		
	censures and commendations through the		
	web itself or other channels.		
16.3	Reports having being submitted twice a year		
	and once a year as per Section No. 08 and		
L	10 of the RTI Act.		
17.	Approving of building plans		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
17.1	Maintenance of an updated registry to enlist	Not	
1	all the building plans received to the council	Applicable	

r		[
17.2	Informing the relevant persons regarding the	Not		
	issues of the applications within 05 days	Applicable		
17.3	Having submitted the application to the first			
	meeting of the planning committee within a			
	week after receiving applications.	Not		
	0 11	Applicable		
174	Having approved more than a 80 % of	Not		
17.1	building plans as the date (8 weeks)	Applicable		
	mentioned in the Citizens Charter.	rppileaole		
10				
18.	Implementation of the Citizens Charter	NT - 4		
18.1		Not		
	/ Clients Charter as per the P.A. Circular No.	Applicable		
	05/2008 and 05/2008 (1)			
18.2		Not		
1	institution as per the Paragraph No. 2.3 f the	Applicable		
	above Circular to monitor and evaluate the			
	processing and implementation of Citizens/			
	Clients Charter.			
19.	Preparation of a Human Resource Developm	nent plan		
	Having prepared a Human Resources			Being
1911	Development Plan as per the annexed form			prepared
	02 to the P.A. Circular No. 02/2018 of			propurou
	24.01.2018			
19.2			A pariod	
			A period	
	Human Resources Development Plan, that		between 03-	
	each member of the staff receives a training		06 hours	
	opportunity not less than 12 hours a year at			
	least.			
	Having signed annual performance agreement		Has not	
	for the entire staff based on the format		signed	
	stipulated in annex 01 of the above-mentioned			
	Circular.			
19.4	Having appointed a senior officer assigned			
	with the responsibility of preparing Human			
	Resources Development Plan, development of			
	Capacity Building Programme and			
	implementing Skills Development Programme			
	Establishment of an E- Provincial Governme	nt System		
			T	Daina
20.1	Having availed the general public, the			Being
	opportunity to submit application online as			prepared
	per the Provincial Government Circular No.			
	2018/e-Local Government-01 of 19.07.2018			
20.2	Having facilitated the general public, the			Operative
	opportunity to make online payments.			from
				2023.
20.3	Having introduced front offices and	Not		
	consumer service centers to provide a	Applicable		
	consumer-friendly service.			
l		1		1



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